FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1895.

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THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY..... DECEMBER 19, 1895.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

Theodore A. Havemeyer, the New York "Sugar King," is to be made Baron by order of the Austrian Emperor. I will be also a hereditary title.

Apaches are again killing the whites. Troops are in pursuit. Six whites are known to have been murdered, one a girl.

On its final returns from the cotton belt the Department of Agriculture estimates the crop at 6,375,000 bales, or only 67.3 per cent. of the crop of last year.

Two Akka girls from central Africa were taken to Europe some years ago by Dr. Stuhlmann to be civilized. They were sent back, and recently a German lady who came across them found that they had reverted to their savage state. She could attract them to her for a short time only by bribing them, though they remembered the things they had seen in Europe.

The following telegram from Constantinople dated December 6th and signed by a number of Armenians in that city has reached London: "Armenia is in her last gasp. The work of extermination continues. The massacred people number 100,000. Half a million survivors have taken refuge in the forests and mountains, where they are feeding upon herbs and roots. In the name of humanity and Caristianity save us."

The following are the total net receipts of cotton at the ports since September 1st, 1895: Galveston 567,576 bales; New Orleans 961,223; Mobile 118,445; Savannah 459,323; Charleston 183,865; Wilmington 125,531; Norfolk 151,719; Baltimore 18,641; New York 39,958; Boston 43,467; Newport News 5,153; Philadelphia 20,504; West Point 98,734; Brunswick 40,266; Texas City 20,530; Port Royal 28,398; Pensacola 3,200. Total, 2,886,613.

The following were the successful applicants for license to practice pharmacy, before the North Carolina Board of Pharmacy held in Raleigh on December 3rd and 4th: Carroll M. Shuford, Hickory; Wm. A. Hughes, Durham; Hugh P. Hackney, Durham; David M. Field, Halifax; David A. Houston, Mt. Airy; Nathan B. Hood, Dunn; Daniel McN. Mackay, Smithfield; Wm. S. Allen, Reidsville; Wm. A. King, Charlotte; Clarence A. Crabtree, Raleigh; Tally C. White, Charlotte; Jesse A. Dodson, Durham.

Gen. Nelson A. Miles, commander-in-chief of the United States army, spent last Thursday in Raleigh. He stopped with a party who have been with him on his tour of inspection of the army posts in the South. Thursday morning, says the Raleigh correspondent of the Wilmington Messenger, early the air reverberated with the deep baying of the fox hounds as the horn called them together to give Gen. Miles a splendid fox hunt. The Messrs. Boylon, of this city, own a splendid pack and accompanied the general on the hunt. Gen. Miles was stationed here just after the war. When asked about the chances for a military post here, he said he could give no definite answer; that in his opinion the most urgent necessary was for the protection of the coast.

A sudden and unprecedented demand for cents has lately sprung up in various parts of the country, and the Philadelphia Mint has been turning out the bright copper coins at a rate unprecedented in the history of the establishment. Nine presses, with a capacity of $500 worth of pennies an hour, have been busy for weeks filling the demands. The reason of the demand is that in Philadelphia an eight-cent exchange fare has been established by the street car railroads. In Detroit a three-cent fare has been established on the street railroads. Changes of a similar character have also been made in other cities. Then a great many defective cents have been received for redemption lately. Bargain-counter prices, with odd cents, have something to do with the demand, too.

The Minnesota State Superintendent of Public Instruction recently received an inquiry whether or not the law prohibited the opening of public schools with a recital of the Lord's Prayer, and asking the advice of the superintendent when one person in the district objected to the service. Attorney General Childs, to whom the matter was referred, holds that the service is in violation of section 16 of the State constitution, which provides that no person shall be compelled to attend, erect or support any place of worship. As the constitution requires the people of the State to support its schools a religious service at the opening of the school is unconstitutional and cannot be maintained where there is an objection. A queer construction we think.

The Manufacturers' Record announces that a site has been selected at Rome, Ga., for a cotton mill of 50,000 spindles and 1,000 looms, to cost about $600,000, to be built by a combination of Northern and Southern capitalists. There is already under construction in the same town a mill of about the same size, which is being erected by one of the oldest cotton mill corporations in New England. Among other enterprises reported for the week were a $50,000 lumber company and a hosiery mill in Georgia; the purchase in Kentucky of oil and gas lands by Pennsylvania people, and arrangements for opening up 10,000 acres of coal lands for active mining. North Carolina reports an electric light plant and a $50,000 cotton mill; South Carolina a cast and blind factory, a knitting mill, a quarrying enterprise and a 45 ton ice plant.

Bradstreet's of last week says: With the exception of mild weather at cities in Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, and Minnesota, colder weather has stimulated sales of seasonable merchandise at all points, but only contrast with preceedings weeks. The course of prices of staples continues downward. Lumber remains steady and without particular activity. Iron and steel continue what appears to be a regular weekly decrease, although reductions this week are fractional. The only advances in quotations recorded among the more important staples are for petroleum, coffee and cotton. Among Southern cities the single instance of improving is reported from Birmingham, although most distributing centers expect an increased demand after January 1st. Cotton receipts are unusually small at almost all Southern points, except at New Orleans, where they are liberal.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

A special to the Jacksonville Times-Union from Key West, Fla., says: About 2:30 o'clock p. m., Wednesday, smoke was discovered issuing from the coal bunker next to the magazine on board the United States cruiser Cincinnati. The bunker had not been opened in three months, and the fire was from spontaneous combustion. When discovered, the fire had so far progressed as to have the walls between the bunkers and the magazine red hot. The wood casings in which the fixed ammunition was enclosed had been burned away. As soon as the alarm was given every man was at his post and the magazine flooded and the danger was soon over. A few moments more and the magazine would have exploded, killing every man on board and wrecking the ship. —Jo. Husker, a colored boy, was killed near Shelby by a falling tree last week. —In Wilmington a negro boy was fined $10 for reckless bicycle-riding, through which he knocked a white lady down. —The physicians of Wyoming county, Pa., are greatly puzzled over the case of Miss Pearl Borton, who has been sleeping uninterruptedly since November 27th. —A San Francisco dispatch says Miss Millie Viola, annex-actress and aeronaut, says she has come from Australia to go over the Niagara Falls in a barrel. To make the feat more difficult, she says she will have the barrel dropped from a balloon. —At Eminence, Ky., a train filled with Republicans, including many ladies, returning from the inauguration of Governor Bradley was fired into; only one person was wounded. —The steamer Germanic near the mouth of Mersey river collided with the steamer Cambera; the latter was sunk but all on board were rescued by the Germanic. —The demand of the free silver Democrats of Indiana for recognition is causing a stir among the party in that State. —A. K. Ward, of Memphis, was indicted thirty-five times for forgery and there are twenty more waiting action. —Cubans attack and set fire to the town of Rudge and were then repulsed by Spanish troops. —Said Pasha, when urged to leave the British embassy, said he would go and live any where out of Turkey, but the Sultan said he knew too many state secrets to get beyond his control. —Placards denouncing the Sultan were posted in Constantinople on the 10th inst. —The Democrats elect the Mayor and half the Aldermen of Charleston, S. C. —Djurrant has been sentenced to be hanged February 21st. —Two women were burned to death in the woods near Morganton. —The situation in Cuba is made very grave by the uniting of the insurgent forces. —At Toledo, Ohio, a street car was struck by a locomotive running at a high rate of speed; three of the four passengers were badly hurt. —There is still great excitement in Topeka, Kans., over finding the body of Mrs. Lilis who died recently. The body was discovered at the medical college; troops were on duty all Thursday night to protect the building; the matter will be thoroughly investigated. —In the Beaufort insurance fraud indictments being tried at Trenton, C. R. Hassell was convicted; one of the leading State's witnesses has disappeared, and it is thought he has been killed. —A number of Conservative newspapers in England are grumbling at Lord Salisbury's pronounced opposition to customs in the interest of hop and barley growers; an agricultural party will be formed in Parliament with this protection in view. —Hon. Allen G. Thurman died at 1.30 o'clock Thursday afternoon, in his 83rd year. —It Frittsburg the United States authorities ran down a gang of the cleverest counterfeiters of silver coins ever caught; they were coining on scientific principles, and had a large quantity of the money. —Senator Call has introduced a bill providing that on all inter-State railroads passenger rates shall not exceed one cent a mile; sleeping car charges are reduced to $1 for every twenty-four hours, and freight charges reduced to an amount not exceeding that necessary to pay not exceeding 5 per cent. on the value of the roads. —Gen. Quesada, the Cuban patriot, has opened headquarters in Washington and will open the campaign for Cuban recognition. —Six thousand Hovas attacked and destroyed the Christian mission in Ramainandro in Madagascar; the missionary, with his family, escaped. —Friday was the coldest December 13th in New York in twenty-three years, and the coldest day of this year. —The American Red Cross society will undertake the burden of relieving the starving Armenians in Asia Minor. —The Grangers' Bank of California, of San Francisco, goes into voluntary liquidation; it will have a surplus for the stockholders. —The housesmiths of New York, who have been on strike for some weeks, have returned to work. —Chairman W. F. Harrity has issued a call for a meeting of the Democratic National committee, to be held at the Arlington hotel, Washington, D. C., on Thursday, January 16, 1896, at 11 o'clock a. m., for the purpose of fixing the time and place for the meeting of the Democratic National convention of 1896 and for the transaction of other business. —Jim Nichols, colored, was hanged at Fayetteville, W. Va., Friday morning for the murder of Henry Carr at Eagle, W. Va. —The Chinese resumed possession of Port Arthur on December 12th, Gen. Sum, on behalf of China, taking over the station from the Japanese officers. —The battleship Maine has been reported to the Navy Department as ready for sea; she will coal and join the North Atlantic squadron, which will on December 21st start from Hampton Roads on a tour of the ports of the West Indies and Central America; much attention has been drawn to the itinerary of this fleet as in some way connected with the Venezuelan question, the British papers saying their Government would look with disfavor upon its touching at any Venezuelan port; though it will not do this, it will make its longest stays at ports nearest to that country. —The blockade still of B. L. Jones was seized in Bladen county; this is the second of his seized in one year; he was convicted at Wilmington a year ago, but escaped. —At Thickety, S. C., below Charlotte, on the Southern railroad, one freight train ran into another, and Engineer D. M. Curlee was killed; the freight cars were terrible wrecked. —The Patriots of America is a new semi secret political society formed by W. H. Harvey. —There were 313 business failures reported throughout the United States last week, compared with 315 the week before, 383 in the like week one year ago, 337 two years ago and 298 the second week of December, 1892. —A terrific storm raged along this coast last Friday. The lower part of Norfolk was flooded and boats were rowed along the principal streets.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS PART OF THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

To the Congress of the United States:

The present assemblage of the legislative branch of our Government occurs at a time when the interests of our people and the needs of the country give especial prominence to the condition of our foreign relations and the exigencies of our national finances. The reports of the heads of the several administrative departments of the Government fully and plainly exhibit what has been accomplished within the scope of their respective duties, and present such recommendations for the betterment of our country's condition as patriotic and intelligent labor and observation suggest.

I therefore deem my executive duty adequately performed at this time by presenting to the Congress the important phases of our situation as related to our intercourse with foreign nations, and a statement of the financial problems which confront us, omitting, except as they are related to these topics, any reference to departmental operations.

By amendatory tariff legislation in January last, the Argentine Republic, recognizing the value of the large market opened to the free importation of its wools under our last tariff act, has admitted certain products of the United States to entry at reduced duties. It is pleasing to note that the efforts we have made to enlarge the exchanges of trade on a sound basis of mutual benefit are in this instance appreciated by the country from which our woolen factories draw their needful supply of raw material.

The resumption of specie payments by Chili is a step of great interest and importance both in its direct consequences upon her own welfare and as evincing the ascendancy of sound financial principles in one of the most influential of the South American Republics.

THE MASSACRES IN CHINA.

The close of the momentous struggle between China and Japan, while relieving the diplomatic agents of this Government from the delicate duty they undertook at the request of both countries, of rendering such service to the subjects of either belligerent within the territorial limits of the other as our neutral position permitted, developed a domestic condition in the Chinese Empire which has caused much anxiety and called for prompt and careful attention. Either as a result of a weak control by the central Government over the provincial administrations, following a diminution of traditional governmental authority under the stress of an overwhelming national disaster, or as a manifestation upon good opportunity of the aversion of the Chinese population to all foreign ways and undertakings, there have occurred in widely separated provinces of China serious outbreaks of the old fanatical spirit against foreigners, which, unchecked by the local authorities, if not actually connived at by them, have culminated in mob attacks on foreign missionary stations, causing much destruction of property, and attended with personal injuries as well as loss of life.

Although but one American citizen was reported to have been actually wounded, and although the destruction of property may have fallen more heavily upon the missionaries of other nationalities than our own, it plainly behooved this Government to take the most prompt and decided action to guard against similar or perhaps more dreadful calamities befalling the hundreds of American mission stations which have grown up throughout the interior of China under the temperate rule of toleration, custom, and imperial edict. The demands of the United States and other powers for the degradation and punishment of the responsible officials of the respective cities and provinces who by neglect or otherwise, had permitted uprisings, and for the adoption of stern measures by the Emperor's Government for the protection of the life and property of foreigners, were followed by the disgrace and dismissal of certain provincial officials found derelict in duty, and the punishment by death of a number of those adjudged guilty of actual participation in the outrages.

This Government also insisted that a special American commission should visit the province where the first disturbances occurred, for the purpose of investigation. This latter commission, formed after much opposition, has gone overland from Tientsin, accompanied by a suitable Chinese escort, and by its demonstration of the readiness and ability of our Government to protect its citizens will act, it is believed, as a most influential deterrent of any similar outbreaks.

The energetic steps we have thus taken are all the more likely to result in future safety to our citizens in China, because the Imperial Government is, I am persuaded, entirely convinced that we desire only the liberty and protection of our own citizens and redress for any wrongs they may have suffered, and that we have no ulterior designs or objects, political or otherwise. China will not forget either our kindly service to her citizens during her late war nor the further fact that, while furnishing all the facilities at our command to further negotiation of a peace between her and Japan, we sought no advantages and interposed no counsel.

STATUS OF THE WALLER CASE.

The customary cordial relations between this country and France have been undisturbed, with the exception that a full explanation of the treatment of John L. Waller by the expeditionary military authorities of France still remains to be given.

Following the course justified by abundant precedents, this Government requested from that of France the record of the proceedings of the French tribunal which resulted in Mr. Waller's condemnation. This request has been complied with to the extent of supplying a copy of the official record, from which appear the constitution and organization of the court, the charges as formulated, and the general course and result of the trial, and by which it is shown that the accused was tried in open court and was defended by counsel. But the evidence adduced in support of the charges—which was not received by the French Minister for Foreign Affairs till the first week in October—has thus far been withheld, the French Government taking the ground that its production in response to our demand would establish a bad precedent. The efforts of our Ambassador to procure it, however, though impeded by recent changes in the French ministry, have not been relaxed, and it is confidently expected that some satisfactory solution of the matter will shortly be reached. Meanwhile it appears that Mr. Waller's confinement has every alleviation which the state of his health, and all the other circumstances of the case demand or permit.

FOREIGN TRADE RELATIONS

Our relations with the States of the German Empire are, in some aspects, typical of a condition of things elsewhere found in countries whose productions and trade are similar to our own.

The exports affected are largely American cattle and other food products, the reason assigned for unfavorable discrimination being that their consumption is deleterious to the public health. This is all the more irritating in view of the fact no European State is as jealous of the excellent and wholesomeness of its exported food supplies as the United States, nor so easily able, on account of inherent soundness, to guarantee those qualities.

Nor are these difficulties confined to our food products designed for exportation. Our great insurance companies, for example, having built up a vast business abroad and invested a large share of their gains in foreign countries in compliance with the local laws and regulations then existing, now find themselves within a narrowing circle of onerous and unforeseen conditions, and are confronted by the necessity of retirement from a field thus made unprofitable, if indeed they are not summarily expelled, as some of them have lately been from Prussia.

It is not to be forgotten that international trade cannot be one-sided. If an examination of the situation suggests such measures on our part as would involve restrictions similar to those from which we suffer, the way to such a course is easy. It should, however, by no means be lightly entered upon, since the necessity for the inauguration of such a policy would be regretted by the best sentiment of our people, and because it naturally and logically might lead to consequences of the gravest character.

Our relations with Great Britain always intimate and important, have demanded during the past year even a greater share of consideration than is usual.

SEIZURE OF BRITISH SEALERS.

Several vexatious questions were left undetermined by the decision of the Behring Sea Arbitration Tribunal. The application of the principles laid down by that august body has not been followed by the results they were intended to accomplish, either because the principles themselves lacked in breadth and definiteness or because their execution has been more or less imperfect. Much correspondence has been exchanged between the two Governments on the subject of preventing the exterminating slaughter of seals. The insufficiency of the British patrol of Behring Sea, under the regulations agreed on by the two Governments, has been pointed out, and yet only two British ships have been on police duty during this season in those waters.

The need of a more effective enforcement of existing regulations, as well as the adoption of such additional regulations as experience has shown to be absolutely necessary to carry out the intent of the award, have been earnestly urged upon the British Government, but thus far without effective results. In the mean time the depletion of the seal herds by means of pelagic hunting has so alarmingly progressed that unless their slaughter is at once effectively checked their extinction within a few years seems to be a matter of absolute certainty.

The understanding by which the United States was to pay, and Great Britain to receive, a lump sum of $425,000 in full settlement of all British claims for damages arising from our seizure of British sealing vessels unauthorized under the award of the Paris Tribunal of Arbitration, was not confirmed by the last Congress, which declined to make the necessary appropriation. I am still of the opinion that this arrangement was a judicious and advantageous one for the Government, and I earnestly recommend that it be again considered and sanctioned. If, however, this does not meet with the favor of Congress, it certainly will hardly dissent from the proposition that the Government is bound by every consideration of honor and good faith to provide for the speedy adjustment of these claims by arbitration as the only other alternative. A treaty of arbitration has therefore been agreed upon, and will be immediately laid before the Senate, so that in one of the modes suggested a final settlement may be reached.

MONROE DOCTRINE REASSERTED.

It being apparent that the boundary dispute between Great Britain and the Republic of Venezuela concerning the limits of British Guiana was approaching an acute stage, a definite statement of the interest and policy of the United States as regards the controversy seemed to be required both on its own account and in view of its relations with the friendly powers directly concerned. In July last, therefore, a dispatch was addressed to our Ambassador at London for communication to the British Government, in which the attitude of the United States was fully and distinctly set forth.

The general conclusions therein reached and formulated are in substance that the traditional and established policy of this Government is firmly opposed to a forcible increase by any European power of its territorial possessions on this continent; that this policy is as well founded in principle as it is strongly supported by numerous precedents; that as a consequence the United States is bound to protest against the enlargement of the area of British Guiana in derogation of the rights and against the will of Venezuela; that, considering the disparity in strength of Great Britain and Venezuela, the territorial dispute between them can be reasonably settled only by friendly and impartial arbitration, and that the resort to such arbitration should include the whole controversy, and is not satisfied if one of the powers concerned is permitted to draw an arbitrary line through the territory in debate and to declare that it will submit to arbitration only the portion lying on one side of it. In view of these conclusions the despatch in question called upon the British Government for a definite answer to the question whether it would or would not submit the territorial controversy between itself and Venezuela in its entirety to impartial arbitration. The answer of the British Government has not been received, but is expected shortly, when further communication on the subject will probably be made to the Congress.

ENGLISH MARINES AT CORINTO.

In last year's message I narrated at some length the jurisdictional questions then freshly arisen in the Mosquito Indian strip of Nicaragua. Since that time, by the voluntary act of the Mosquito Nation, the territory reserved to them has been incorporated with Nicaragua, the Indian formally subjecting themselves to be governed by the general laws and regulations of the Republic. After this extension of uniform Nicaraguan administration to the Mosquito strip, the case of the British Vice Consul, Hatch, and of several of his countrymen who had been summarily expelled from Nicaragua and treated with considerable indignity, provoked a claim by Great Britain upon Nicaragua for pecuniary indemnity, which, upon Nicaragua's refusal to admit liability, was enforced by Great Britain. A British naval force occupied without resistance the Pacific seaport of Corinto, but was soon after withdrawn upon the promise that the sum demanded would be paid. Throughout this incident the kindly offices of the United States were invoked and were employed in favor of as peaceful a settlement and as much consideration and indulgence towards Nicaragua as were consistent with the nature of the case.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Correspondence is on foot touching the practice of Russian consuls within the jurisdiction of the United States to interrogate citizens as to their race and religious faith, and upon ascertainment thereof to deny to Jews authentication of passports or legal documents for use in Russia. It has elicited fitting remonstrance, the result of which it is hope will remove the cause of complaint.

The pending claims of sealing vessels of the United States seized in Russian waters remain unadjusted. Our recent convention with Russia establishing a modus vivendi as to imperial jurisdiction in such cases has prevented further difficulty of this nature.

In my last two annual messages I called the attention of the Congress to the position we occupied as one of the parties to a treaty or agreement by which we became jointly bound with England and Germany to so interfere with the government and control of Samoa as in effect to assume the management of its affairs. On the 9th day of May, 1894, I transmitted to the Senate a special message with accompanying documents giving information on the subject and emphasizing the opinion I have at all times entertained, that our situation in this matter was inconsistent with the mission and traditions of our Government.

MUST BE NEUTRAL AS TO CUBA.

Cuba is again gravely disturbed. An insurrection, in some respects more active than the last preceding revolt, which continued from 1868 to 1878, now exists in a large part of the eastern interior of the island, menacing even some populations on the coast. Besides deranging the commercial exchanges of the island, of which our country takes the predominant share, this flagrant condition of hostilities, by arousing sentimental sympathy and inciting adventurous support among our people, has entailed earnest effort on the part of this Government to enforce obedience to our neutrality laws and to prevent the territory of the United States from being abused as a vantage ground from which to aid those in arms against Spanish sovereignty.

Whatever may be the traditional sympathy of our countrymen as individuals with a people who seem to be struggling for larger autonomy and greater freedom, deepened as such sympathy naturally must be in behalf of our neighbors, yet the plain duty of their Government is to observe in good faith the recognized obligations of international relationship. The performance of this duty should not be made more difficult by a disregard on the part of our citizens of the obligations growing out of their allegiance to their country, which should restrain them from violating as individuals the neutrality which the nation of which they are members is bound to observe in its relations to friendly sovereign states. Though neither the warmth of our people's sympathy with the Cuban insurgents, nor our loss and material damage consequent upon the utile endeavors thus far made to restore peace and order, nor any shock our humane sensibilities may have received from the cruelties which appear to especially characterize this sanguinary and fiercely conducted war, have in the least shaken the determination of the Government to honestly fulfill every international obligation, yet it is to be earnestly hoped, on every ground, that the devastation of armed conflict may speedily be stayed and order and quiet restored to the distracted island, bringing in their train the activity and thrift of peaceful pursuits.

One notable instance of interference by Spain with passing American ships has occurred. On March 8 last the Alliance, while bound from Colon to New York, and following the customary track for vessels near the Cuban shore, but outside the three-mile limit, was fired upon by a Spanish gunboat. Protest was promptly made by the United States. The act was disavowed, with full expression of regret, while the offending officer was relieved of his command.

OTHER RELATIONS WITH SPAIN.

Military arrests of citizens of the United States in Cuba have occasioned frequent reclamations. Where held on criminal charges their delivery to the ordinary civil jurisdiction for trial has been demanded

(*Continued on 2nd page.*)

ANNUAL EXHIBIT

Of Claims Audited and Ordered Paid by the Board of County Commissioners of Cumberland County from December 1st 1894 to December 1st 1895.

[CONTINUED.]

INSOLVENT ACCOUNT. NOVEMBER TERM. 1894.

Serena Wood,	witness	2 30
Jeff Thornton,	do	2 30
Jas. T. Thornton,	do	2 80
Geo. W. Lee,	do	5 10
W. J. Wood,	do	5 10
N. G. Smith,	do	12 00
Hinton Monds,	do	2 40
G. W. Wade,	do	8 80
Sylvester Taylor,	do	6 65
Josiah Pope,	do	2 30
Geo. Hays,	do	1 05
T. D. Faircloth,	do	3 50
Jno. Smith,	do	1 05
Flora McKinnon,	do	1 15
Alex. Maxwell,	do	1 05
Geo. McNeill,	do	1 05
L. G. Herring,	do	2 60
T. L. Sessoms,	do	1 05
W. C. McDuffie, Sr.	do	1 05
David Monroe,	do	1 05
J. W. Maultsby,	do	1 60
Andrew Wilson,	do	2 35
Wm. Wilson,	do	2 35
A. D. McNeill,	do	2 00
J. B. Smith, Sheriff,	Fuller case	134 50
C. G. Cain, C. S. C.,	Fuller case	90 95
Z. T. Long,	do Richmond do.	34 15
J. H. Grant, Sheriff	Fuller case	63 45
F. H. Stedman, Sheriff	New Hanover, Fuller case	1 20
C. McArtan, Sheriff	Harnett Fuller case	1 80
W. S. Clark, Sheriff	Bladen, Fuller case	1 20
H. McEachern, Sheriff	Robeson, Fuller case	30
M. W. Page, Sheriff	Wake, Fuller case	30
W. B. Lane, Sheriff,	Fuller case	30
J. M. Smith,	do do do	1 50
B. C. Gorham,	witness Fuller case	25 99
Josiah Pope,	do do	9 20
J. W. Taylor,	do do	19 20
H. C. Avery,	witness Fuller case,	37 70
James Strauder,	do do	4 20
W. S. Kingsbury,	do do	26 90
Neill Black,	do do	11 50
Ashford Ray,	do do	35 40
W. D. Jones,	do do	2 10
Dr. J. W. McNeill,	do do	2 90
Josh Hadley,	do do	10 20
Addie Chandler,	do do	26 90
Emma S'eel,	do do	26 90
Altee Smith,	do do	12 30
G. H. Ingram,	do do	10 20
Margaret West,	do do	24 90
C. C. McLellan,	do do	26 50
D. K. Ray,	do do	13 20
Jarvis Buckingham,	do do	18 80
David Watkins,	do do	16 80
J. W. Morris,	do do	6 60
Left Thomas,	do do	9 20
D. J. Cashwell,	do do	10 60
J. H. Marsh,	do do	70 90
L. C. Jones,	do do	25 80
Jno. Gill,	do do	9 20
B. H. Benoy,	do do	25 90
James Leevy,	do do	4 35
N. Ingram,	do do	13 80
Emma Taylor,	do do	20 80
H. L. Cook,	do do	19 90
Mrs. V. C. McIntyre,	do do	29 90
S. J. Walton,	do do	25 90
J. R. Raynor,	do do	8 40
J. B. Parker,	do do	18 10
Jno. H. Gill, Sr.	do do	13 60
C. D. Ray,	do do	10 60
N. J. Patterson,	do do	12 00
R. W. White,	do do	30 30
D. N. McLean,	do do	12 60
J. R. McNeill,	do do	20 90
S. F. Telfair,	do do	11 70
C. M. Hobbs,	do do	4 10
W. F. Lock,	do do	11 60
H. W. Lilly,	do do	19 80
A. J. Henderson,	do do	20 90
J. A. Pemberton,	do do	8 60
Louis Steel,	do do	21 90
J. W. Maultsby,	do do	11 30
Tom Cain,	do do	13 70
Mrs. J. A. Steele,	do do	19 90
S. W. Hall,	do do	10 30
Eugene Watson,	do do	21 90
Robt Strange,	do do	10 80
Geo. A. Overbaugh,	do do	12 30
Robbie Dye,	do do	13 80
R. W. Hardie,	do do	16 90
A. T. Watson,	do do	2 10
C. L. Taylor,	do do	10 30
I. P. Overbaugh,	do do	21 90
Dr. W. C. McDuffie,	do do	69 90
W. S. Cook	do do	8 60
Lewis Gill	do do	13 60
Mrs. Mary F. Cook,	do do	7 60
C. M. Watson,	do do	8 60
J. C. Newberry,	do do	14 60
Rev. J. T. Lyon,	do do	21 70
J. M. Lamb,	do do	25 90
Josh Council,	do do	7 60
W. A. Bowles	do do	9 60
Emma Owen,	do do	9 60
Sarah McMillan,	do do	8 60
G. H. Hall,	do do	10 60
Jno. A. Steel,	do do	12 30
W. H. Newberry,	do do	9 60
Colin MacRae,	do do	12 30
D. H. Ray,	do do	8 60
Jno. M. Smith	do do	6 95
Total,		$2,024 16

INQUEST.

K. G. Averett,	$ 31 00
A. B. Ward,	1 50
Wm. Maxwell,	1 50
W. B. Faircloth,	1 50
Blackman Matthews,	1 50
T. F. Hall,	1 50
Reuben Fisher,	1 50
H. M. Howard,	1 50
J. R. Overton,	1 50
Alex. Ballard,	1 50
W. L. Biggs,	1 50
R. S. Horne,	1 50
Neill Johnson,	1 50
H. F. Thames,	1 50
D. M. Johnson,	1 50
James Odam,	1 50
Enoch Deaver,	1 50
J. F. Highsmith,	28 70
Dr. J. H. Marsh,	20 00
Dr. W. C. McDuffie,	1 50
J. W. Maultsby,	1 50
W. H. Flowers,	1 50
Frank Glover,	1 50
C. D. Sedberry,	1 50
Dallas Perry,	1 56
W. H. Gale,	1 50
W. J. Lewis,	1 50
J. D. Bruton,	1 50
Jno. Gibson,	1 50
J. J. McDonald,	1 50
Ed. Hughes,	1 50
Total,	$121 70

INSANE.

J. F. Melvin,	$ 2 30
McD. Goldie, Sheriff	77 23
Angus Bain,	9 80
G. W. Graham,	2 50
Daniel McKethan,	10 00
J. B. Smith, (indigent pupils)	60 00
Total,	$161 83

PRINTING.

Fayetteville Observer,	$ 49 30
Baptist Publishing Co.	4 65
H. L. Hall, taxes	7 80
Total,	$61 75

TAXES.

H. L. Hall,	$ 7 80
J. M. Lamb,	30 00
W. W. Cole,	24 00
A. A. McKethan, Jr.	19 00
C. L. Taylor,	6 00
E. H. Evans,	17 25
Alex McNeill,	375 00
W. S. Cook,	5 00
C. G. Cain,	81 25
S. J. Cameron,	18 00
G. W. Graham,	25 80
P. P. Hall,	26 60
C. H. Cogdell,	12 00
Alex Simmons,	14 00
M. P. Blue,	14 50
J. A. Wright,	14 00
W. J. Johnson,	14 10
A. A. Harrington,	23 20
Jno Smith,	26 60
E. A. Poe,	22 20
J. P. Thames,	33 00
W. S. Marsh,	13 20
J. B. Butler,	13 20
S. R. Surles,	14 60
A. A. McCormick.	12 60
W. B. Ray,	24 00
H. E. Smith,	36 00
Alex Thagard,	20 00
J. B. Bryant,	20 00
W. J. Sessoms,	36 90
H. H. Bolton,	30 40
G. A. McDonald,	30 00
J. A. McArthur,	16 00
J. A. McPherson,	48 00

(*Continued on 4th page.*)

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

HEART DISEASE, like many other ailments when they have taken hold of the system, never gets better of its own accord, but *always grows worse.* There are those who know they have a defective heart, but will not admit the fact. They want their friends to worry, and *don't know what to take for it,* as have been told time and again that disease was incurable. Such was the case of Mr. Silas Farley of Dyesville, Ohio who writes June 19, 1894, as follows:

"I had heart disease for 23 years, heart hurting me almost continually. At first 15 years I doctored all the time, using several physicians and remedies, till my last doctor told me it was only a question of time as I could not be cured. I gradually grew worse, very weak, and completely discouraged, until I lived, propped half up in bed, because I *couldn't lie down* nor sit up. Thinking my time had come I told my family what I wanted done when I was gone. But on the first day of March on the recommendation of Mrs. Fannie Jones, of Anderson, Ind., I commenced taking *Dr. Miles' New Cure for the Heart* and wonderful to tell, in ten days I was working at light work and on March 19 commenced framing a barn, which is heavy work, and I have'nt lost a day since. I am 56 years old, 6 ft. 4½ inches and weigh 250lbs. *I believe I am fully cured,* and I am now only anxious that everyone shall know of your wonderful remedies."

Dyesville, Ohio. SILAS FARLEY.

Dr. Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1. 6 bottles for $5 or it will be sent, prepaid on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

MEN of all AGES

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured.

Four out of five who suffer nervousness, mental worry, attacks of "the blues," are but paying the penalty of early excesses. Victims, reclaim your manhood, regain your vigor. Don't despair. Send for book with explanation and proofs. Mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Since 1861 I have been a sufferer from catarrh. I tried Ely's Cream Balm and to all appearances am cured. Terrible headaches from which I had long suffered are gone.—W. J. Hitchcock, Late Major C. S. Vol. A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.

CATARRH

ELY'S CREAM BALM Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages. Allays Pain and Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Protects the Membrane from colds. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. The Balm is applied directly into the nostrils, is quickly absorbed and gives relief at once. ELY'S PINEOLA BALSAM is a sure cure for Coughs, Colds, &c. Price of Cream Balm, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

HINDERCORNS,

The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Ensures comfort to the feet. Makes walking easy. 15cts. at druggists.

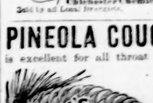
GRATEFUL—COMFORTING

Epps's Cocoa.

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr Epps has provided for our breakfast and supper a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame.—*Civil Service Gazette.*

Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins, by Grocers, labelled thus: JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd. Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.



PINEOLA COUGH BALSAM

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., DEC. 19, 1895.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

THE VENEZUELA MATTER.

When Congress met, the first of the month, the public mind was considerably stirred over the possible complications that might result between this country and Great Britain over the Venezuela affair. It was known that the British Premier's reply to Mr. Olney's crucial note was actually on the way to this country, and the people and their representatives in Congress were in a state of great anxiety to know its contents, when, to the amazement of all kinds of people, the President slipped off to the Roanoke marshes for a duck hunt. Under the circumstances, and in view of the fact that it was known that Lord Salisbury's reply would be in Washington in a few hours, and that the document would be necessarily bottled up in the State Department until his return, it can only be inferred that the President was altogether indifferent to the natural feelings of the people—the people who, under our system of government, are his master.

He returned to Washington on Sunday, and on Tuesday—though without a word of apology for his absence—he submitted the Venezuela correspondence to Congress, accompanied by a message in which he at last takes the stand that Senator Morgan and the people had already taken.

The gist of the message is contained in the following paragraphs:

"The course to be pursued by this Government in view of the present condition does not appear to admit of serious doubt."

"The dispute has reached such a stage as to make it now incumbent upon the United States to take measures to determine, with sufficient certainty for its jurisdiction, what is the true divisional line between the Republic of Venezuela and British Guiana."

"It will, in my opinion, be the duty of the United States to resist by every measure in its power, as a wilful aggression upon its rights and interests, the appropriation by Great Br tain of any lands, or the exercise of governmental jurisdiction over any territory which, after investigation, we have determined of right belong to Venezuela."

While disapproving the President's rather weak course in the Corinto and other matters, which, without doubt, have encouraged England to bring things to the present point, and expressing indignation at his duck-hunting postponement of such a grave affair—which, as the Wilmington Messenger said, was like "Nero fiddling while Rome burned"—the people will, of course, support the tardy policy, now at last outlined, to the last extremity, should occasion arise.

A DEAD ISSUE.

The Atlanta Journal the other day contained the following:

A correspondent asks that the Journal reprint President Cleveland's famous letter against the free and unlimited coinage of silver, written just before his last nomination for the presidency. The letter was in answer to an invitation from the New York Reform Club, and was as follows:

NEW YORK, February 10, 1891.

E. Ellery Anderson, Chairman:

Dear Sir:—I have this afternoon received your note inviting me to attend to-morrow evening the meeting called for the purpose of voicing the opposition of our city to "the free coinage of silver in the United States."

I shall not be able to attend and address the meeting as you request, but I am glad that the business interests of New York are at last to be heard on this subject. It surely cannot be necessary for me to make a formal expression of my agreement with those who believe that the greatest peril would be invited by the adoption of the scheme, embraced in the measure now pending in congress, for the unlimited coinage of silver at our mints.

If we have developed an unexpected capacity for the assimilation of a largely increased volume of this currency, and even if we have demonstrated the usefulness of such an increase, these conditions fall far short of insuring us against disaster if, in the present situation, we enter upon the dangerous and reckless experiment of free, unlimited and independent silver coinage.

Very truly yours,
GROVER CLEVELAND,

The fact that the President's message has cut the last bit of ground from under the feet of his apologists in the South, probably supplies the motive for exhuming this old letter. The purpose is to make it appear that the President has not changed. This same letter was brought up during the bitter struggle in the Senate, in the autumn of 1893, over the unconditional repeal bill. At that time it was not brought up by the President's apologists, but by his opponents. His friends and representatives then made in his behalf such a complete demonstration that the President had accepted the Chicago platforin in its entirety and in good faith when he accepted the nomination, that his opponents were put to confusion, and unconditional repeal was passed.

To bring up this letter now, therefore, is like threshing out old straw. It is a dead issue. Among the many blows it received, none were so admirable and effective as these—which gave it the *coup de grace*—:

Said Chairman Voorhees, the recognized agent of the President in charge of the unconditional repeal bill, on the 23d of August, 1893:

THE PRESIDENT'S AGENT PLEDGES HIM TO SILVER.

But, sir, at this point we are confronted by a law without precedent or parallel in American history, a law which for months past has been the theme of all tongues and pens, and in whose name financial panic, alarm, and distress have been invoked, and for whose repeal this Congress has been convened. The origin of the Sherman act, its motives, and the object it was designed to accomplish, claim especial consideration in reaching a conclusion as to its merits. Its author, the distinguished Senator from Ohio, has repeatedly and quite recently explained the end he had in view in its enactment.

A bill for the free coinage of silver had passed the Senate by the great majority of 16, and then the measure, since known by the name of the Senator from Ohio, was brought forward and tendered to the representatives of the States having silver bullion to sell, as a compromise in lieu of the great victory they had just obtained. In an evil hour, the worst and darkest that ever befell the cause of bimetallism, or the honor and existence of silver money, this pernicious compromise was accepted and fastened on the country. The Senator from Ohio, it is true, now claims credit for his repeated assertion of late that there has never been an hour since the compromise was effected that he has not stood ready to violate it by voting for its repeal.

In other words, having induced the producers of silver to surrender their right to its free coinage at the mints in exchange for the right to sell 4,500,000 ounces per month of bullion to the Government, the Senator from Ohio and his followers on that side of the Chamber have been willing and anxious ever since to break the compact, repeal the consideration on which the compromise was made, and leave their victims of misplaced confidence from the Pacific coast and mountain ranges empty-handed, without either the privilege to coin their silver or even to sell it as a mercantile commodity to the Government. * *

Sir, I would at once eradicate this confessed evil, this universally condemned enactment, from the body of our laws, with no other condition than my right and free agency to support and to secure in connection with its repeal—or afterwards by an independent measure, as the success of its immediate repeal, the primary duty of the hour may at the time dictate—a sound financial system, embracing the coinage of silver on an equality with gold. In making this statement I only repeat the declaration of the Democratic party in national convention at Chicago in June, 1892, and on which the American people restored to the Presidency one of the strongest, ablest, purest, and most patriotic characters ever known in American history. That declaration, containing as it does the consensus of Democratic opinion from every State and Territory in the Union, may be heard at this time again with profit and advantage.

[He quotes here the money plank of the Chicago platform.]

It will here be seen that the united Democracy of the country, fourteen months ago, in formal convention assembled, denounced the Sherman act which had degraded silver to a commodity, demanded its repeal, and declared in the strongest language in favor of the coinage of both the precious metals on fair and honest terms of absolute equality. But the record made on this subject in the momentous year of 1892 does not stop at this point. Grover Cleveland, the great leader of his party then and the great Chief Magistrate of the whole people now, in accepting his nomination, addressed the public in well-remembered terms, which have been in nowise changed, modified, or contradicted by the singularly able message delivered a few days ago to this body. His language was as follows:

"The people are entitled to sound and honest money, abundantly sufficient in volume to supply their business needs. But whatever may be the form of the people's currency, national or State, whether gold, silver, or paper, it should be so regulated and guarded by governmental action, or by wise and careful laws, that no one can be deluded as to the certainty and stability of its value. Every dollar put into the hands of the people should be of the same intrinsic value or purchasing power. With this condition absolutely guaranteed, both gold and silver can be safely utilized *upon equal terms* in the adjustment of our currency."

* * * * *

Who dares in the face of the clear and explicit words which I have just read to charge that their author is a monometallist in disguise, a believer in the use of gold and gold alone, but wearing, for the sake of an election to the Presidency, a bimetallic mask?

Sir, who has the hardihood to assert or to insinuate that Grover Cleveland is a dissembler, a man who conceals his opinions or dispositions under a false appearance, a hypocrite, practicing deception upon his countrymen in order to gratify his personal ambition?

* * * * *

Sir, terms, conditions, and ratios fixing the intrinsic or interchangeable value of these two metals have always from the earliest ages been matters of detail, and will so continue; but the great, paramount fact has been declared and established in the most solemn and overwhelming manner by the voice and votes of the American people within the last year that silver shall not be demonetized, that one half the specie basis of the world shall not be destroyed, that the volume of paper money now in circulation for the payment of labor and the products of labor shall not be contracted, with their consent, to the basis of monometallism, and to the standard and the existence of gold alone.

THE ADMINISTRATION PRESS REINFORCES MR. VOORHEES.

Said an administration organ in this State on the 22d of September, 1893:

Since he accepted the nomination of his party last year and made its platform his own, there has been no intimation from him of a purpose to disavow any of its pledges; and in the absence of such intimation, to charge that he proposes to nullify all save one of the financial measures proposed by that platform is to assail his integrity and in effect to charge that he procured his election by duplicity and bad faith. The platform, the party law, declared as distinctly as words can, fidelity to gold and silver as money of the country. It declared further for the *coinage of these metals without discrimination against either* when certain conditions were met—that is to say, when the dollar unit of both was made of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value. Two methods by which this might be accomplished were indicated: *international agreement and safeguards of legislation*. Until Mr. Cleveland makes known himself, in some manner, that he has abandoned some part of this platform, it is unfair to charge that he has done so.

THE PRESIDENT GOES BACK ON HIS AGENTS.

The President gave out no "intimation" "of a purpose to disavow any of its [the platform's] pledges;" the unconditional repeal bill was carried through on the terms named as above by the President's spokesman; and from that day to this he has not opened his lips to carry out the rest of the bargain then entered into by his recognized agent, Mr. Voorhees, nor indicated the nature of the "safeguards of legislation" which, the Brussels conference having failed, he was required by the platform to recommend along with the "coinage of these metals [gold and silver] without discrimination against either."

No, the President was put squarely upon the platform by his duly recognized representative in charge of the unconditional repeal bill, in a matter involving hundreds of millions of dollars between the two parties to the bargain, and letters written before the Extra Session of 1893, or excuses made since Democratic control of Congress expired on the 4th of March, 1895, are outside of the question. It the solemn statements of his friends at that crisis were just and true, the record is closed, and he has demonstrated himself to be, according to them and in their language, "a dissembler and a hypocrite, practicing deception upon his countrymen in order to gratify his personal ambition" and a man who "procured his election by duplicity and bad faith."

These are not our words. Whatever the OBSERVER may think of Mr. Cleveland's course, it has never used such strong language to characterize it as that. They are the words of his accredited agent in the Senate making pledges in his behalf, and of his friends.

It may be worth adding that the OBSERVER's reason for thus taking notice of the efforts made in certain quarters to whitewash Mr. Cleveland, is the patent fact that he is seeking a third term nomination. As his success would come as near as possible to destroying the Democratic party, it is the duty of all true Democrats to expose his wrong-doing, by way of a deterrent. We use the words "patent fact" because, in a matter so vital, the President would long since have rebuked the use of his name in such an undemocratic connection if he could do so sincerely.

A CLEVELAND PARTY.

The following letter, which Mr. D. S. Broderick contributes to the New York Herald, is a fair sample of many of the third term outgivings with which the Eastern press teems:

Your daily comments regarding the renomination of Mr. Cleveland are quite enjoyable. There is no doubt in my mind whatever that he will receive the nomination should he desire it. Since you first broached the subject in your able editorial I have talked with a great many people regarding it, and they fully agreed with me that the thing for the democrats to do would be to renominate Cleveland. I have voted against him three times, but will surely vote for him the next time that he is nominated.

Mr. Cleveland's bold proposition in his message to retire the greenbacks and to still further strengthen the hands of the national banks under the pretense of supplying an antidote to the contraction of the currency thus produced, is a bid for the kind of support which Mr. Broderick offers. Neither the Democratic nor the Republican public men, to any considerable extent, approve the proposition, but the Wall street bankers, as reported in the New York papers, hailed it with delight. Evidently the President was making a bid for what his environment (and probably his experience) teaches him is the controlling force in politics, viz: the money power. His first step will be to secure the Democratic nomination, and thus to acquire what the English call a *locus standi*. All the Broderick and banker Republicans will forsake their party and flock to him. Every effort will be made to secure control of the machinery of the Democratic party in the Southern States, North Carolina included, in order to win the nomination. The unlimited dollars of the Brodericks and bankers will be relied on to do the rest.

No Democrat can vote for any man for a third term. Or, as the resuscitated Mr. Watterson says, the American who does so "is a double-dyed traitor," or words to that effect.

JUDGE CLARK'S NEW BOOKS.

We are indebted to Justice Walter Clark for a copy of the 1st Volume of his translation of Constant's "Recollections of the Private Life of Napoleon." We shall next week give an extended notice of this extremely interesting work, which is a veritable literary find. The book is beautifully printed and bound, and is issued by the Merriam Company, 67 Fifth Avenue, New York. The two other volumes have been printed, are now being bound, and will shortly be issued.

The Vance Fund.

The following suggestive letter has been received from Mr. Battle:

RALEIGH, N. C., 16th Dec., 1895.

Dear Maj. Hale:

I am in receipt of yours of the 13th and the 14th, enclosing P. O. orders for contributions to the Vance memorial fund, and letters to you from Prof. R. M. Davis, at Tarboro, and Prof. Jas. A. McLauchlin, at Wadesboro, the contributions being as as follows:

From one of the Fayetteville Graded Schools,	$4 10
From Misses A. A. & M. E. Ellison's School,	1 00
From Prof. Davis's School at Tarboro,	2 60
Making in all,	$7 70

I have heretofore acknowledged receipt of $7.00 from Col. Drewry's Military school.

All has been turned over to Mr. Jos. G. Brown, Treasurer of the Fund. "Many a mickle makes a muckle;" and if the little ones and older school children in other parts of the State do as well as they have done in Fayetteville and Prof. McLauchlin's letter shows they have done at Wadesboro, I trust their *total* will incite the grown up boys and girls of Vance's beloved North Carolina to add enough to ensure the early erection of a statue worthy of the man and his people.

Very truly yours,
R. H. BATTLE,
for the Ex. Committee.

Since the above came to hand, the editor of the OBSERVER has received $12.00 from Prof. Grimsley, being the contriouton of the Greensboro Public Schools, and has forwarded the same to Mr. Battle.

[Raleigh News and Observer.]

The Fayetteville Observer prints a letter from Col. Drewry, principal of the Fayetteville Military Academy, in which the statement is made that every student in his institution, without exception, contributed to the Vance statue. This is the biggest contribution yet made to erect the memorial to the State's biggest man. There is one thing conspicuous about Fayetteville: it is always true to what is best in the State, whether of its glorious past, its fruitful present, or its bright future. There are no more patriotic people in the world than those who live in Fayetteville.

[The Raleigh Schools take up their collection to-day. The Charlotte Schools have set apart three days.]

Let Us Speak Out.

[Correspondence of the Observer.]

MR. EDITOR:—Your correspondent takes it for granted that the property-holders and business men of Fayetteville, and of the whole section tributary to the line, are opposed to the dismemberment of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway; and, if a sale is necessary, wish the road disposed of in its entirety, according to the plan outlined by the Baltimore committee, which reflects the interests of the Baltimore and Ohio R. R. Co.

Would it not be well for this business community, in a public gathering, to give formal expression to its views on this important matter, as was done the other day in the city of Wilmington? Fayetteville is one of the important points on the line, and its people can ill afford to remain in silent indifference while an insidious and well-nigh fatal blow is preparing against the very life of this great railroad property.

Fayetteville, Dec. 16. M.

WE AND THE WORLD.

MARY S. MACRAE.

SOCIAL FUNCTIONS OF THE WEEK.

"Heap on more wood, the wind blows chill,
But let it whistle as it will,
We'll keep our Christmas merry still."

A largely attended reception was given last week by Mrs. Edmund J. Lilly, at her charming home on the Hill.

In tune with the approaching Christmas season the decorations were a profusion of holly and mistletoe, but it was in the dining room that mistletoe held especial sway. A great bunch hung from the chandelier while across the artistic center-table from corner to corner, a broad green ribbon bordered with its green leaves and waxlike berries, was finished at either end with a full bow. At the opposite corners tall bronze candelabra wherein green candles burned, shone upon exquisite white and green embroidery, completing the embodiment of the mistletoe idea, and Misses Banks, Worth and MacRae with sprigs of Mistletoe in their hair cared for the welfare of the guests as they drifted across the hall.

In the reception rooms Mrs. Lilly, in a charming gown of pearls and blue brocaded satin, was assisted by Mrs. London of Pittsboro, Mrs. J. B. Broadfoot, Miss Marion Mallett and Miss Kate Broadfoot, while Miss Kenan's graceful figure behind the steaming kettle made a picture which would have tempted an artist's pencil.

The conservatory beyond, where chocolate was served by Mrs. Benj. R. Huske, had been transformed into a veritable bit of the Orient by soft colored lights, gay cushions and Eastern draperies, and Mrs. Huske's ever charming vivacity gave much popularity to her domain, while Miss Broadfoot at the sparkling punch bowl, in the halls, served the guests with her accustomed grace and geniality.

Toward the end of the evening, the bowl was removed to the centre table in the long dining-room and a round of toasts began. "Our Host and Hostess" was delightfully answered by Rev. Isaac Eaghes; "Our Honored Guests," by Mr. B. R. Huske; "The Absent Guests," by Dr. McGougan; "Our Home Girls," by Mr. Chas. Bidgood, and of the "vive l'amours" which followed, none were more heartily sung than those to Miss Chestnut, of Florida, and Miss Morrison, whose absence from among the receivers caused much disappointment.

A toast to the "Old North State" was followed by "Carolina" in stirring chorus. There was a movement to depart when Miss Marion Mallett's sympathetic voice began "Should auld acquaintance be forgot," and the gay party tarried to "take a cup of kindness yet for auld lang syne."

***

That much enjoyed literary club, "Sweet Bells in Tune," was opened last Thursday by the reading of the following communication, which was heard with much pleasure and gratification.

To the "Sweet Bells in Tune":

Somewhere (a propos of the name your club has adopted) I read that "the sweet toned bell rings out sweetness however gently or rudely it be struck, while the clanging gong cannot be so touched as not to respond with a jangle. There is the same difference in people. From some you learn to expect always a snarl or a whine or a groan, while others give forth words of cheerfulness and joy. When the grace of God possesses mind and heart, one will respond with a sweet spirit to every touch, kind or unkind, rude or loving and thus become a voice of God in whatever place of company thrown—a witness for charity, kindness and truth—this voice shall be as sweet as the murmur of the brook and the rustle of the corn."

May I ask that these words be inscribed in your "Archives," and upon your hearts?

With best wishes, truly yours,
F. R. ROSE.

The author under discussion was Ian McLaren, and the club was extemely fortunate in securing the Scotch tongue of Miss Forsythe in one of his heart-stirring stories. Miss Nena Morrow read the read the death of the old doctor most feelingly, and Miss Tillinghast's apt criticism of the author's works, was much enjoyed.

The Club congratulated itself on the delightful additions made to its membership, and the subject of "Archives," in which the accumulation of valuable manuscript should be kept suggested the need of a secretary, to which office Miss Marion Mallett was elected. Next Thursday's topic will be Mrs. Wiggins.

A very stylish tea was given Friday afternoon by Mrs. Hunter, of Dick Street, in honor of Miss Nelly Morrison and Mrs. Walker Taylor, of Wilmington. Mrs. Taylor, nee Ross Lilly Cuming, is quite young, and a very beautiful woman.

In receiving, Mrs. Hunter and her guests of honor were assisted by Miss Morrison's bridesmaids and Miss Broadfoot and Miss MacRae.

The house was charmingly decorated with winter greens and growing plants, and the magnificent chrysanthemums, which, having survived the cold weather, grew and blossomed in the hall, command especial attention.

Mrs. A. S. Huske, Mrs. Heman Hall and Mrs. Ijams, reigned over the flock of little tables in the tea room, where handsome lamps, luxuriant ferns and artistic table decoration combined to make a very charming effect, while Mrs. C. D. Sedberry served the guests with delicious chocolate.

It was altogether an extremely pleasant affair.

From five to eight on Saturday, the bride-elect, Miss Morrison and her dame of honor, were tendered a most delightful tea by Miss Broadfoot of Dick Street.

Coming from the gloom of winter twilight which fell outside, through the hall door opened by Fan and Norcott Broadfoot, two pretty little girls in fluffy white frocks, the brilliancy of the gay scene was particularly striking. In the light of many candles and the cheery open hall fire, stood Mrs. John B. Broadfoot, Mrs. Lilly, Miss Kate Broadfoot and Miss Nellie Haigh, while the open door beyond displayed a charming bower of stately ferns where tall chrysanthemums grew, and where Miss Mamie Haigh behind the flowing bowl was assisted by Miss MacRae as she gracefully served punches.

To the right, through the great folding doors one might see, in the parlor, Miss Broadfoot with her mother, Mrs. Hinsdale, Mrs. Taylor, Miss Morrison, Mrs. London, of Pittsboro and Mrs. Hunter. Red berries in profusion among the glistening holly leaves, music, vocal and instrumental, merry talk and laughter, and Miss Broadfoot, with her quick wit and charming manner, as hostess, gave assurance of pleasure to every one.

As they served in the tea room Miss Matthews, Miss Banks, Miss Lilly Slocomb and Miss Mamie Alexander presented each guest with two fragrant heart leaves appropriately tied with true blue ribbon, while Mrs. Alexander presided delightfully over the chocolate cups. On the centre table, heart leaves and violets were the distinctive feature, and many lights from old fashioned silver candle sticks shone on an effect which was immensely artistic.

The function was particularly enjoyed by the men present, as they are seldom allowed at afternoon teas.

One of the prettiest of the seasons social functions was the tea given Monday afternoon by Mrs. Jennings, on Maiden Lane.

The delightful hostess, with Mrs. McKelway, made the parlor a most enjoyable place until one was borne away by Miss Della Matthews to be delightfully served by Mrs. Alexander Campbell and Mrs. T. F. Moore, and to enjoy a cup of chocolate from Mrs. Carson's hands.

Every where was the profusion of holly which so well befits the seasons, and berries seemed to vie with leaves in their abundance.

As one passed through the pretty hall, wondering how every nook and corner could be kept so deliciously warm, a steaming cup of tea brewed by Mrs. Alexander, was served from a dainty violet decked tea table, and one found herself in the cold world again.

***

Last night's brilliant wedding in every way fulfilled the expectations of the many friends of Miss Nellie Morrison and Mr. William H. Slocomb, who have looked forward to the occasion with much interest.

The Presbyterian Church was beautifully decorated in white and green. Woodland holly glisteued, southern pine sent forth a subtle odor, palms and ferns and rare hot-house plants were in profusion. River moss beautifully crystallized sparkled in the light of a myriad of twinkling candles. The presence and good wishes of a community joined with natures choicest treasures to grace the occasion, calling to mind Tennyson's beautiful lines,

"Welcome her all things youthful and sweet,
Scatter the blossoms under her feet."

The numbers of people who had crowded to the Church at an early hour were rewarded by beautiful music from organist and choir—the Wedding Chorus from "The Rose Maiden" and other choice selections.

Promptly at nine the wedding party arrived and so beautiful a group as this bride and the young women who attended her is rarely seen. The ushers, Mr. Marsden Haigh, Mr. Geo. Rose and Mr. Bailey Evans on the right and Mr. Tom Rose, Mr. Leighton Huske and Mr. John C. Thomson, Jr., on the left marched three and three up the aisles. From the School room door on the right of the chancel, came the brides maids singly, crossing to the left and down the aisle to meet the bride—Miss Lilly Slocomb first, Miss Laura Kyle, Miss Nellie Haigh, Miss Nan Kyle and finally Miss Mary Devereux Haigh, as first bridesmand. Their picturesque attire was of daintiest white organdie, with Marie Antoinette fichus of chiffon, and the bouquets of chrysanthemums which they carried were white and very handsome. From the vestibule the party immediately advanced, Miss Lilly Slocomb with Miss Laura Kyle and, contemporaneously on the right, Mr. S. H. Strange and Mr. James Kyle, Miss Nellie Haigh with Miss Nan Kyle, and Mr. J. B. Tillinghast with Mr. W. G. Moore. The first bridesmaid then followed alone, while up the aisle on the right came Mr. Allen P. Hallett, from Wilmington.

Crossing the chancel, the bridesmaids formed a charming group on the right, the groomsmen taking the same position on the left. Two little white-frocked girls, Mary Hinsdale Slocomb and Jean Pembertom, followed, standing on either side, and Mrs. Walker Taylor, dame of honor, beautifully clad in heavy brocaded silk with corsage draperies of chiffon and carrying a magnificent bouquet of Marechal Neil roses, walked slowly up the aisle.

As the dame of honor took her place on the left among the attendants Miss Morrison in her handsome gown of white peau de soie, with a bouquet of most exquisite bride roses, her veil fastened with lilies of the valley, advanced from the vestibule with her uncle, Mr. Preston Cumming, meeting at the chancel the groom and his best man, Mr. Paul Slocomb, who came in through the school-room door.

After the beautiful and impressive ceremony, the Wedding March, inspiringly played by Mrs. Hall, marshalled away bridal party and friends to a brilliant reception at the residence of Mrs. A. H. Slocomb.

The bride was gracious and charming, the groom received congratulations with dignity and geniality, Mrs. Albert Slocomb was regal in black velvet and Diamonds and Mr. Slocomb's delightful hospitality was everywhere felt among the guests.

In the dining-room the table arranged for the bridal party was both handsome and artistic in its decoration. A broad white ribbon stretched diagonally across and on either side a large heart of white satin bordered with delicate fern leaves, while on two of the corners stood tall vases of ferns and lilies, and the whole was made effective by a happy arrangment of candelabra.

At twelve-fifty Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Slocomb took the south-bound train for the Exposition and were whirled away amid showers of rice, old shoes and the good wishes of their friends.

***

Col. Pemberton and party, Dr. Lilly, Maj. Broadfoot, Mr. R. L. Williams, Mr. Malcolm Matthews, returned Saturday night from Atlanta. All pronounced the Col. an excellent chaperon.

(*Concluded from 1st page.*)

and obtained in conformity with treaty provisions, and where merely detained by by way of military precaution under a proclaimed state of siege, without formulated accusation, their release or trial has been insisted upon. The right of American consular officers in the island to prefer protests and demands in such cases having been questioned by the insular authority, their enjoyment of the privilege stipulated by treaty for the consuls of Germany was claimed under the most-favored-nation provision of our own convention and was promptly recognized.

The long-standing demand of Antonio Maximo Mora against Spain has at last been settled by the payment, on Sept. 14 last, of the sum originally agreed upon in liquidation of the claim.

The enforcement of differential duties against products of this country exported to Cuba and Porto Rico prompted the immediate claim on our part to the benefit of the minimum tariff of Spain in return for the most favorable treatment permitted by our laws as regards the productions of Spanish territories. A commercial arrangement was concluded in January last securing the treatment so claimed.

Vigorous protests against excessive fines imposed on our ships and merchandise by the customs officers of these islands for trival errors have resulted in the remission of such fines in instances where the equity of the complaint was apparant, though the vexatious practice has not been wholly discontinued.

ARMENIAN ATROCITIES.

Occurrences in Turkey have continued to excite concern. The reported massacres of Christians in Armenia and the development there and in other districts of a spirit of fanatic hostility to Christian influences naturally excited apprehension for the safety of the devoted men and women who, as dependants of the foreign missionary societies in the United States reside in Turkey under the guarantee of law and ussage and in the legitimate performance of their educational and religious mission. No efforts have been spared in their behalf, and their protection in person and property has been earnestly and vigorously enforced by every means within our power.

I regret, however, that an attempt on our part to obtain better information concerning the true condition of affairs in the disturbed quarter of the Ottoman Empire, by sending thither the United States Consul at Sivas to make investigation and report, was thwarted by the objections of the Turkish Government.

The presence of our naval vessels, which are now in the vicinity of the disturbed localities, affords opportunities to acquire a measure of familiarity with the condition of affairs, and will enable us to take suitable steps for the protection of any interests of our countrymen within reach of our ships that might be found imperilled.

The Ottoman Government has lately issued an imperial irade exempting forever from taxation an American college for girls at Scutari. Repeated assurances have also been obtained by our Envoy at Constantinople that similar institutions maintained and administered by our countrymen shall be secured in the enjoyment of all rights, and that our citizens throughout the Empire shall be protected.

The Government, however, in view of existing facts, is far from relying upon such assurances as the limit of its duty. Our Minister has been vigilant and alert in affording all possible protection in individual cases where danger threatened or safety was imperilled. We have sent ships as far towards the points of actual disturbance as it is possible for them to go, where they offer refuge to those obliged to flee, and we have the promise of other powers which have ships in the neighborhood that our citizens, as well as theirs, will be received and protected on board those ships. On the demand of our Minister orders have been issued by the Sultan that Turkish soldiers shall guard and escort to the coast American refugees.

These orders have been carried out, and our latest intelligence gives assurance of the present personal safety of our citizens and missionaries. Though thus far no lives of American citizens have been sacrificed, there can be no doubt that serious loss and destruction of mission property have resulted from riotous conflicts and outrageous attacks.

By treaty several of the most powerful European powers have secured a right and have assumed a duty not only in behalf of their own citizens and in furtherance of their own interests, but as agents of the Christian world. Their right is to enforce such conduct of Turkish government as will restrain fanatical brutality, and if this fails their duty is to so interfere as to insure against such dreadful occurrences in Turkey as have lately shocked civilization.

The new consulates at Erzeroum and Harpoot, for which appropriation was made last session, have been provisionally filled by trusted employees of the Department of State. These appointees, though now in Turkey, have not yet received their exequaturs.

CORRESPONDENCE.

KENANSVILLE, N. C., Dec. 16, '95.

Mrs. Mahn, of Wilmington, mother of Mrs. Kendall, wife of the Methodist minister of this place, is spending sometime with Mrs. Kendall.

Mrs. Kendall is one of the most untiring workers in a good cause we have ever seen. She is now arranging and rehearsing for a concert by the little folks for the benefit of some charity, her 2nd or 3rd one this year. To one who has trained or drilled the little ones for such a thing the work required is apparent.

Miss Annie Kenan and Miss Julia Farrior will leave for Atlanta to-day or to-morrow, and will return in time to spend the holidays at home. They will be accompanied by Mr. Stephen Graham.

Mr. A. D. Ward, one of the most valued and valuable citizens of this village, will leave during January for New Berne, where he will in future reside. His leaving here will be one of the most serious losses experienced by this community for a long time. We have never heard such high praise for any one about to leave us and his going occasions universal regret. He is by long odds the brightest member of the bar in this section. He will be associated with Hon. F. M. Simmons of New Berde, whose present position takes him away from his office, to the detriment of his law practice.

Evangelist E. W. Oakes is expected home this P. M., where he will stay perhaps until after the holidays. We hear that his meeting in Winston has been very satisfactory.

Rev. Peter McIntire preached two striking sermons on yesterday, 3rd Sunday.

LUMBER BRIDGE, Dec. 17, '95.

Dr. Stamps, after an absence of ten days or more, returned Saturday, accompanied by his venerable father, Dr. Stamps, Sr., and his brother, Mr. Preston Stamps. The aged Doctor stood the trip from Milton, better than was expected. He is still quite feeble.

Rev. S. J. McLeod is almost well again.

Presbytery met here on the 13th inst. There were present Rev. J. S. Black, Moderator; Rev. P. R. Law, Stated Clerk; Revs. Messrs. Hassel, Eldredge, McKelway and Rankin. At his own request Mr. Eldredge was dismissed from the Presbytery that he might accept a call to Lexington, Ky.

Mr. Hassel preached an excellent sermon Friday night.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Loula Nicholson to Mr. Ransom Alford, in the Baptist church, Wednesday night, December 18th.

The Lumber Bridge High School will give a concert on the night of the 20th inst.

The Lumber Bridge Dist Infantry leave on the 19th inst. for Atlanta.

We are sorry to hear of the death of Mr. P. D. Johnson, of Spring Hill, Richmond county. He was a brother in-law of Mr. J. C. D. McNatt and Mrs. Lock Shaw, of St. Pauls.

We enjoyed the pleasure of meeting with Mr. Faulkner, of Cumberland, during his hebdomadal visits here.

71ST, Dec. 17th.

A concert will be given at Raeford Institute on Thursday night, the 19th, when the school will take recess for the holidays.

Mrs. Joseph Smith, of South Carolina, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Ritter.

We regret to chronicle the fact that Rev. O. A. White is quite sick, being unable to fill his appointment at Galatia last Sunday.

Hon. J. W. McLauchlin and Miss Belle McRae, left for the Exposition on Friday of last week.

Mr. D. B. Gillis, spent most of last week visiting in Moore county; several of his children are living there now

Mr. John McArtan, who formerly lived here, spent a night in this neighborhood recently.

Our quiet old township can boast of at least one ambitious spirit—a wee bit lassie of eleven summers, who, in obedience to the decree of her teacher, cast her own horoscope, which readeth thus: "It is my wish to become an author, and write many nice and entertaining books that will be sought after by the reading-public, and perused by the most able critics; books full of wit and wisdom, and bright and noble ideas—books that will make people better and happier by reading them, and procure for myself fame and fortune"—

Might not a critic even now praise her English?

To the OBSERVER and every one of its readers a happy, joyous, merry *merry* Christmas; and, till 1896,

Gude bye, SCOTCH LASSIE.

We know of but one community in the world where dyspepsia is practically unknown, and that is the Shakers of Mount Lebanon, N Y. These good people have been studying the subject of digestion for more than a hundred years, and that they understand it pretty thoroughly, is evidenced in the foregoing fact. Their Digestive Cordial is the safest and best remedy in cases of indigestion that we know of. A trial bottle can be had through your druggists for the trifling sum of 10 cents.

The Shaker Digestive Cordial supplies the system with food already digested, and at the same time aids the digestion of other foods. It will almost instantly relieve the ordinary symptoms of indigestion, and no sufferer need to be told what these are.

LAXOL is the best medicine for children. Doctors recommend it in place of Castor Oil.

Call for the Horse Brand, Johnson's Magnetic Oil, it has no equal for all external purposes for man or beast. Cures sprains, bruises, swellings, rheumatism and neuralgia. Large bottles, 25 and 50 cts. For sale by King Bros. Fayetteville, N. C.

SHOULD YOU TRY McDONALD'S COUGH CURE and fail to be benefitted by it, return empty bottle and your money will be refunded.

A Leader.

Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in popular favor, until now it is clearly in the lead among pure medicinal tonics and alteratives—containg nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of Stomach, Liver or Kidneys. It will cure Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation and drive Malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle or the money will be refunded. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

OLD PIANOS can be made valuable by having them thoroughly Remodeled by the Weber Piano Repairing Co.

PIANO FOR SALE.—"Sweet and powerful tone," and in perfect order. Price $75. Worth double. Address Weber Repairing Co.

PIANOS AND ORGANS, no matter how much out of order they may be, made perfect by the Weber Piano Repairing Co., from New York City.

PIANO TUNING AND REPAIRING done by us, is guaranteed to give satisfaction.
WEBER PIANO REPAIRING CO,
Opposite Opera House,
Fayetteville, N. C.

BONDS WANTED.—County, Town or K. of P. Apply to CHAS. GLOVER.

GOOSE GREASE LINIMENT CURES ALL Aches, Pains, Cuts and Bruises. Sold by BEVILL & VANSTORY, Fayetteville, N. C.

OLD MAN, IF YOU HAVE ACHES AND Pains, get a bottle of Goose Grease. BEVILL & VANSTORY.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Mr. Wm. M. Wilson
Pullman, W. Va.

Better Than For Years

Hood's Sarsaparilla Demonstrates Its Merits.

A scrofulous or catarrhal condition of the intestines is often the prime cause of chronic diarrhœa, and when the tissues are built up and healed by the pure blood made by Hood's Sarsaparilla, a cure is effected. Read this:

"I believe it my duty to tell what benefit I have received from Hood's Sarsaparilla. I was afflicted with chronic diarrhœa for four years, and

Severe Pains in the Back

of my head and also in my side. I was treated by two leading physicians, but found no relief. I was advised by friends

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I commenced taking the medicine last May and have taken over seven bottles. I found relief after taking the first bottle and now feel better than I have for years." WILLIAM M. WILSON, Pullman, West Virginia.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, prevent constipation.

Lincoln Lithia Water

The most valuable of all waters, containing bicarbonate of lithia. For sale by druggists generally, or in case of one dozen half-gallon bottles, $5.50 f.o.b. at springs.

Lincoln Lithia Springs. Open all the year. First-class in all its appointments.

Write for pamphlet and full information.

The LINCOLN LITHIA WATER CO., Lincolnton, N. C.

A SPECIFIC FOR—
Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Stone in Bladder, All Kidney Diseases, All Urinary Diseases, Gout, Eczema, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nervous Affections, Diseases of Women, Inebrity, Opium Habit.

Johnson's Kidney and Liver Regulator, the great malarial medicine, cures kidney complaints and torpid liver, purifies the blood and positively cures consumption and sick headache. Large packages, 25 and 50 cts. For sale by King Bros., Fayetteville, N. C.

Singers, public speakers, actors, auctioneers, teachers, preachers, and all who are liable to over-tax and irritate the vocal organs, find, in Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, a safe, certain, and speedy relief. A timely dose of this preparation has prevented many a throat trouble.

A genuine ghost-story has yet to be attested; but not so a genuine blood purifier. Over and over again it has been proved that Ayer's Sarsaparilla stands alone among medicines as the most reliable tonic-alterative in pharmacy. It stood alone at the World's Fair

You Can Believe.

The testimonials published in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla. They are written by honest people, who have actually found in their own experience that Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the bl

OBSERVER--SUPPLEMENT, DECEMBER 19th, 1895.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

FRANK W. THORNTON,

HEADQUARTERS FOR HOLIDAY GOODS

1895. CHRISTMAS. 1895.

FOR THE

Holiday Season!

Getting Ready

For Christmas!

Do you know that you have just two weeks in which to make all your purchases for Christmas? Everybody expects a present of some kind, and it will make you happy to know that you have added to the comfort or the happiness of some one else. Now, upon visiting my store you will find every department is stocked to its utmost capacity, and you will not only find everything attractive and beautiful, but you will find that I have made very attractive prices on every article.

MY DRESS GOODS

Department is as near perfection as it is possible to make it. Come and make your selections.

AFTER

This Date

a discount of 20 per cent. will be allowed on all purchases of Ladies' Jackets and Capes. I can show you a beautiful line of these goods.

Don't forget that I am headquarters for all desirable makes of Shoes, and that I buy from first hands, and no one can UNDERSELL ME.

It is a well known fact that I sell better Clothing for less money than any House in the State.

My line of Carpets and Rugs, for beauty and variety, cannot be excelled. Seeing is believing.

In addition to my regular line of Dry Goods, &c., I have added for the Holidays an immense line of Fancy Goods—something to please the little folks and the big folks. Don't fail to come and look at my stock whether you wish to purchase or not. The sight will do you good.

FRANK W. THORNTON,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....DECEMBER 19, 1895.

J. HALE, Jr., General Business Manager.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE SUN.
McDONALD'S COUGH CURE.
CHRISTINA CLOW.—A Card.
J. R. HORNE—For Holiday Gifts
FRANK BEASLEY—Lovely Xmas Goods.
WALTER WATSON—Notice of Mortgage Sale.
WEBER PIANO REPAIRING Co.—See Specials
W. J. McDONALD—Remnant Stock of Clothing, &c.
A. S. HUSKE—Visitors to the Atlanta Exposition.
J. H. ROBINSON, JR.—Visit Robinson's Candy Tent.
W. J. McDONALD—Tobacco, Cigars and Cigarettes at Cost.
HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE—H. H. H. is the place to buy Stoves, &c.
ALEX. McNEILL—Statement of the Indebtedness of the County of Cumberland.

The sidewalks on upper Hay Street are being repaired.

The OBSERVER will be published as usual Christmas week.

Mr. I. W. Clark has greatly improved his residence by an extension annexed.

The Register of Deeds, Mr. Alex McNeill, has received the State pension warrants for distribution.

The Holt cotton factory is progressing rapidly and some idea of the magnitude of the enterprise can now be had.

Yesterday morning in the Mayor's court Jno. Freeman was bound over to the Superior Court, charged with stealing tools from the gas works.

The C. F. & Y. V. will sell round trip tickets from Fayetteville to Atlanta for $6.20 from 19th to 25th inst., inclusive; good for 5 days from date of sale.

Mr. W. G. Clark has purchased the lot on Rowan street, adjoining Mr. I. W. Clark, and is now having erected a handsome two story dwelling.

Christmas holiday excursion rates on the C. F. & Y. V. Rw'y., at four cents per mile one way for the round trip. Tickets on sale Dec. 22d to 25th inclusive and Dec. 29th to January 1st inclusive.

Oak Ridge Institute closes her fall term on Thursday evening, 19th of December, with appropriate exercises, and begins her spring term Wednesday, January 1st, with a banquet, giving the students a vacation of twelve days.

Tournament in 71st.

The young men of 71-t will give a Tournament, on Friday after Christmas, the 27th instant, in Owen's Old Field, on the Centre plank road. Everybody, town people and all, are cordially invited.

Tiller—Holmes.

At the residence of Mr. N. F. Holmes, at Bluff Mills, yesterday at 3 o'clock, Mr. M. A. Tiller was united in marriage to Miss Lillian C. Holmes, daughter of the admirable superintendent of Bluff Mills. They will live on Maiden Lane in this city. We wish them much happiness.

A Great Christmas Display.

We know of no other place in the State that can offer a greater variety of fine Christmas goods than Fayetteville. Our stores are literally filled with as choice Christmas goods as could be obtained in any city. It is worth a trip to Fayetteville to see the shop windows.

As will be seen from the Conference appointments in another column, Fayetteville looses two able and earnest clergymen. Revs. Willis and Sutton have endeared themselves to the Methodists of this city, as indeed they have won the respect of all denominations. Mr. Willis has been assigned to the chief Methodist church in the State, Grace Church, Wilmington, and Mr. Sutton, who also goes to Wilmington, will take charge of a very important church, Bethel. Of those who are to succeed them here, we will speak next week.

Barnes—Black.

The residence of Mr. B. D. Black, on Kennedy Street, was the scene of a happy wedding Thursday night. Mr. Joseph Barnes was united in marriage to Miss Lillie Black, the pretty daughter of Mr B. D. Black. After the ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. A. J. McKelway, a sumptuous supper was served to a few invited guests. During the supper the Big Six Orchestra, of which Mr. Barnes is an honored member, played several delightful pieces appropriate to the occasion. The bride received numerous and handsome presents.

Conference Appointments for Fayetteville District.

Presiding Elder—W. H. Moore.
Hay Street, Fayetteville—L. L. Nash.
Campbellton Mission.
Cumberland Circuit—W. H. Whitaker.
Cokesbury Circuit—D. A. Futrell.
Sampson Circuit—W. F. Bruton.
Lillington Circuit—W. F. Craven.
Buckhorn Circuit—B. B. Holder.
Dunn Circuit—Langhorne Leitch.
Newton Grove Circuit—W. A. Jenkins.
Cape Fear Circuit—W. F. Galloway.
Pittsboro Circuit—W. W. Rose.
Haw River Circuit—W. H. Puckett.
Deep River Circuit—H. G. Stamey.
Siler City Circuit—E. C. Sell.
Carthage Circuit—A. McCullen.
Jonesboro Circuit—L. J. Holden.

(Next week's issue will contain the full appointments for the State.)

Death of Mr. Robt. L. Steele.

The death of Mr. Robt. L. Steele, which occurred at his home in Rockingham Sunday night, will be mourned by numerous friends and relatives in this city. A dispatch to the Wilmington Star says:

Mr. Robert L. Steele, one of the most prominent citizens of Richmond county, died suddenly at his home in Rockingham last Sunday night, in the 76th year of his age. He was a man of wealth, brother of the late Walter L. Steele, and was closely identified with several important manufacturing enterprises. He was for several years president of the Roberdel Cotton Mills, and at the time of his death had nearly completed the "Steele Mill," a large cotton factory in course of construction at Rockingham.

People and their Movements.

Mr. John McKethan, of Savannah, is spending a few days at home.

Congressman J. G. Shaw arrived home Saturday to spend the Holidays.

Mr. T. M. Rose, of Hamlet, has been spending several days in the city.

Mrs. C. D. Hill, of Pittsboro, is visiting Mrs. H. R. Horne on Green Street.

Miss Kate Faison, of Godwin, is on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Southerland, on Haymount.

Mr. Hugh McAllister, of Lumberton, was in the city Monday visiting the Messrs McKethan.

Miss Maggie Whitehead has returned from a visit to Durham and the Atlanta Exposition.

Rev. I. W. Hughes has been confined to the house for several days with a severe case of the Grippe.

Miss Lillie Moore, of Clinton, passed through this city Tuesday on her way home from the Atlanta Exposition.

Miss Blanche Thornton left Saturday for New York, where she will spend the winter in the study of art and languages.

Mr. Paul Smith left Tuesday night for Athens, Ga., where he will go into the drug business with his brother, Mr. Warren Smith.

Mr. Wm. McQueen, of Robeson county, was in the city Tuesday. We are glad to see that he has almost recovered from the severe stroke of paralysis he suffered some time ago.

Miss Enie Chesnut, who has been spending some time with Mrs. Croswell on St. John's Square and whose visit has given so much pleasure to the young folks of this community, left Monday night for her home in Florida.

Graded School Report.

To the Trustees of the Graded School:

GENTLEMEN:—Herewith I have the honor to submit my report of the third month of the Fayetteville Graded School:

Pupils on rolls at beginning of month,	221
Pupils entered during month,	10
Pupils (total for month),	231
Boys during month,	106
Girls during month,	125
Average attendance,	194
Per cent. attendance,	.84

Following is the

ROLL OF HONOR.

Girls.—Mattie Atkinson, Lillie Davis, Alma Fitzell, Harriett Humphrey, Alice Haigh, Carrie Kennedy, Eliza Hill Robeson, Fannie Ward, Lina Pemberton, Hattie Clark, Nellie Bramble, Lula Buckingham, Hattie Lee Atkinson, Amanda Amos, Ellen Brantt, Myra Bell, Dellie Amos, Stella Bell, Nellie Davis, Sadie Gardner, Mary Weldon Huske, Bessie Johnson, Geneva Kennedy, Annie Sedberry, Vara Barden, Luella Green, Katie Lamb, Barbara Humphrey, Louise Huske, Jean Pemberton, Sallie Ward, Lundie Green, Minnie Solomon, Allie Johnson.

Boys—Vernon Maultsby, Neill McArtan, Mack Davis, Roy Vann, Haigh McLauchlin, Fletcher Sedberry, Albert Mumphrey, John Humphrey, Lenox Bramble, George Davis, Robert Lamb, Henry Lamb, James Maultsby, Edwin Newman, Willie Newman, Willie Vann, Eddie Ahearn, Fred Thomson, John Davis, George Johnson, Stuart Pemberton, Goring Thomson.

Alma Fitzell and Amanda Amos were accidentally omitted from roll of honor last month.

The school will re-open after the Christmas holidays on Thursday, Jan'y 2d, and the Superintendent indulges the hope that the new year will be auspiciously ushered in with renewed energy and interest in the educational work, by both teachers and pupils. She feels that the progress, so far in the scholastic year, has been gratifying, and she asks the continued co operation of parents and guardians.

Respectfully,
MISS P. H. MATTHEWS.

Improvements on the Cape Fear River.

A despatch from Washington dated December 12 says:

Secretary Lamont to-day sent to the House a report of Major Stanton, corps of engineers, giving the result of a survey of Cape Fear river above Fayetteville, N. C., as prescribed by the last river and harbor bill. He reports that the estimated cost of the proposed improvements amount to $2,555,000.

W. J. McDONALD,

No. 12, HAY ST.,

will, owing to change in business that will be perfected within 3 days, sell his

Entire Stock of Tobacco, Cigars and Cigarettes

AT COST.

THESE GOODS WERE BOUGHT IN JOB LOTS AT VERY LOW PRICES.

WILL ALSO SELL AT REDUCED PRICES STOCK OF

SNUFF,

—COMPRISING—

RAILROAD MILLS, LORRILARD, BOWERS 3 THISTLE AND BLUE RIBBON BRANDS.

My Wholesale and Retail Liquor Business will be enlarged,

and I will be pleased to serve my friends and patrons WITH THE BEST AND PUREST

Wines and Liquors.

I CARRY A LARGER STOCK OF

Old Whiskies, Brandies and Wines

THAN ANY HOUSE IN NORTH CAROLINA AND CANNOT BE UNDERSOLD, QUALITY OF GOODS CONSIDERED.

W. J. McDONALD.

12-19-95 3t

Prevention

better than cure, Tutt's Liver Pills will not only cure, but if taken in time will prevent

Sick Headache,

dyspepsia, biliousness, malaria, constipation, jaundice, torpid liver and kindred diseases.

TUTT'S Liver PILLS

ABSOLUTELY CURE.

Will Sell at the Store, No. 13, Gillespie St.,

A Remnant Stock of Shoes and Clothing,

Show Case, One Herring Safe, and One Walnut Desk.

If not disposed of at private sale will be offered at

PUBLIC AUCTION

AT 11 A. M. AND 7 P. M. ON SATURDAY, DECEMBER 21st, 1895.

STORE FOR RENT ON EASY TERMS, AND POSSESSION GIVEN AT ONCE.

It W. J. McDONALD.

DO NOT FAIL TO TRY McDONALD'S COUGH Cure. You will find it a first-class remedy. Sold by Druggists.

A CARD.

I wish to make known my warm appreciation of the extremely kind and hearty assistance given to me on the occasion of the fire on my premises by the neighbors and the fire brigade, and to take this opportunity of thanking all most sincerely.

CHRISTINA CLOW.

Dec. 16, 1895

McDONALD'S COUGH CURE IS SOLD EXTENsively in Fayetteville, Cumberland and adjoining Counties.

At Beasley's,

LOVELY XMAS GOODS

IN MY LINE.

FRANK BEASLEY, Jeweler,

Hay Street, Fayetteville.

McDONALD'S COUGH CURE IS SOLD IN THE States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Massachusetts, New York and Indiana.

Verdict: "*It is as represented.*"

VISIT

ROBINSON'S CANDY TENT,

WHERE YOU WILL FIND:

CALIFORNIA BOSS,
PEANUT BRITTLE,
ICING MOSS,
CREAM FRUIT,
OPERA HOUSE CARAMELS,
CHOCOLATE "
FRENCH NUGET,
CHOCOLATE TAFFY,
VANILLA "
WALNUT "
STRAWBERRY "
PEPPERMINT "
LEMON "
LEMON AND SOUR DROPS.

Respectfully,

J. H. ROBINSON, Jr.

Visitors to the Atlanta Exposition

CAN SAMPLE MANY NICE GOODS OF LIKE BRANDS AS ARE TO BE FOUND IN

THE HAY STREET GROCERS STOCK.

Try Petti John's California Breakfast Food, 15c. package.

Try Quaker Rolled White Oats, 2 packages for 25c.

Try French Red Kidney Beans, 10c. can.

Try Buckwheat and Flap Jack Flour, 15 to 35c. packages.

These with many other delicious and wholesome goods are in stock, with constant arrivals. Such as the finest coffees in the world.

Momaja and Old Gov. Java.

SANTA CLAUS

WILL FIND US WILLING AND OBLIGING TO AID WITH ALL WE HAVE.

A. S. HUSKE,

HAY STREET GROCER.

Notice of Mortgage Sale.

By virtue of a power of sale contained in a certain deed of mortgage executed by M. N. Levy and wife Elizabeth Levy to Walter Watson, recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County, in Book B, No. 4, page 491, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder at the Market House in the city of Fayetteville, said County and State, the following described land, viz:

In Cross Creek Township, beginning at a stake on channel of Cross Creek, runs thence North 73 East 9 chains to Johnson's line, as it S 17 East 8 chains to a stump, his corner, thence N 55 East 22 chains to a stake, thence S 17 East 10 chains to a stake by a pine, thence N 73 East 11½ chains to a stake at the head of a branch, thence with Strange's line S 6 West 14½ chains, thence W 37 chains to channel of Cross Creek, thence as it to the beginning, containing 55 acres. It being a part of the Daniel Buxton land, and being the piece or parcel of land marked No. 2 in a survey made by D. G. McDuffie for Daniel Buxton, and adjoining the lands of the Wm. B. Wright tract, Daniel Buxton and Alex Graham, being the same tract of land conveyed to Matthew N. Levy by deed from Daniel Buxton the 6th day of January, 1886, and recorded in office of Register of Deeds for said county in Book L, No. 4, page 304.

Place of sale: Market House, Fayetteville, N. C.
Terms of sale: Cash.
Time of sale: Monday, January 20th, 1896.

WALTER WATSON, Mortgagee.

Dec. 17, 1895.

THE SUN.

The first of American Newspapers,
CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

THE AMERICAN CONSTITUTION, THE AMERICAN IDEA, THE AMERICAN SPIRIT. THESE FIRST. LAST, AND ALL THE TIME, FOREVER.

Daily, by mail, $6 a year
Daily and Sunday, by mail, $8 a year

The Sunday Sun

IS THE GREATEST SUNDAY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD.

Price 5c. a copy. By mail, $2 a year

Address THE SUN, New York.

12-19-95 4t

The country is flooded with cheap, doctored compounds, sold as whisky, and consumers cannot be too careful to demand a brand that they can rely upon.

I. W. Harper's Nelson County, Ky., Whisky, is a standard brand guaranteed absolutely pure by the distillers.

SOLD BY

J. W. INGOLD,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Are you taking SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR, the "KING OF LIVER MEDICINES?" That is what our readers want, and nothing but that. It is the same old friend to which the old folks pinned their faith and were never disappointed. But another good recommendation for it is, that it is BETTER THAN PILLS, never gripes, never weakens, but works in such an easy and natural way, just like nature itself, that relief comes quick and sure, and one feels new all over. It never fails. Everybody needs take a liver remedy, and everyone should take only Simmons Liver Regulator.

Be sure you get it. The Red Z is on the wrapper. J. H. Zeilin & Co., Philadelphia.

Statement of the Indebtedness of the County of Cumberland as Reported by Jno. B. Troy, Treasurer, up to 1st December, 1895.

To amount due for old County Bonds, issued June 1, 1877, running 20 years, interest 7 per cent.,	$83,300 00
To amount due for Bonds known as Clarendon Bridge Bonds, issued 1884, running 20 years, interest 7 per cent.,	
26 Bonds, at $500 00,	13,000 00
85 " at 100 00,	8,500 00
To Court House Bonds issued 1893, running 20 years, interest 6 per ct.	20,000 00
To amount of Floating Debt, supposed to be about	3,500 00

I hereby certify the above to be correct, as stated in the Report of J. B. Troy, Treasurer.

ALEX. McNEILL, Reg. Deeds and ex-officio Clerk Board Co. Com.

NEW COURT HOUSE ACCOUNT.

Jno. B. Troy, Treasurer,

To Cumberland County,	Dr.
To Bal. due last settlement.	$1,628 39
Contra.	
By Coupons paid, 1,068 00	
" am't refunded E. H. Evans, 666	
	$1,074 66
By 1½ commissions, $1,074 66	
Disbursements, 13 43	
	$1,088 09
Balance due on hand, due C. H. account,	540 23
	$1,628 32

I, Alex. McNeill, Reg. Deeds and ex-officio Clerk Board of County Commissioners, do hereby certify that the foregoing statement of J. B. Troy is a true copy as represented by him.

This December 14, 1895.

ALEX. McNEILL, Reg. Deeds and ex-officio Clerk to Board.

BRIDGE FUNDS.

Jno. B. Troy, Treasurer,

To Cumberland County,	Dr.
To balance due from last settlement,	$ 80 27
" Cash of Tax Collector E. H. Evans,	3,589 50
" Cash of J. B Smith, ex-Sheriff,	856 95
" Dividends from People's Nat. Bank,	122 72
" Cash of McD. Geddie, Sheriff,	7 00
	4,576 17
	$4,656 44
Contra	
By cash paid Bridge Coupons,	2,933 00
" cash paid insurance on bridge,	250 00
" amount paid cancellation of bridge bonds,	1,000 00
" amount paid for accrued interest on bonds,	10 00
" amount refunded E. H. Evans on account of overpayment in settlement,	55 98
" am't paid E. H. Evans, com'sions on $4,000,	210 50
	$4,459 48
By 1½ coms. $4,576.17, receipts,	57 20
" 1½ coms. $4,459.48, disbursements,	55 74
	$4,572 42
By balance on hand due bridge fund,	84 02
	$4,656 44

I, Alex. McNeilll, hereby certify that the foregoing is a full and true copy of the account of J. B. Troy, Treasurer, with the Bridge Funds for year 1894.

ALEX. McNEILL, Reg. Deeds and ex-officio Clerk Board Co. Com.

Jno. B. Troy, Treasurer,

To Cumberland County,	Dr.
To am't rec'd from E. H. Evans, Tax Col.,	$11,830 47
do from J. B. Smith, ex-S'ff,	4,410 18
do from McD. Geddie, Sh'ff,	1,841 43
do from H. L. Hall, Reg., Marriage License,	14 25
do from Alex. McNeill, Reg., Marriage License,	162 45
do from N. Ingram hire of prisoner,	10 00
do from tax sale "Scanlin Lot,"	7 50
do from jail fees, U. S. prisoners,	101 20
do from A. M. Bolton, hire prisoner,	6 00
do from sale old court house to Ladies' Memorial Association,	25 00
do from land sales and insolvent polls,	110 71
do from Alex. Cain, for sale election house in Flea Hill,	1 00
	$18,520 19
Contra.	
By bal. due Treas'r as per last statm't,	$252 12
" am't paid poor,	1,171 98
" am't paid insolvent ac't,	2,836 81
" am't paid for elections,	462 87
" am't paid taxes,	845 90
" am't paid inquest,	83 40
" am't paid jail,	956 78
" am't paid courts,	1,933 10
" am't paid commissioners,	857 20
" am't paid insane,	100 35
" am't paid poor house,	629 02
" am't paid court house,	580 37
" am't paid bridges,	1,372 85
" am't paid printing,	95 45
" am't paid clerk,	31 00
" am't paid physicians,	320 00
" am't paid roads,	42 92
" am't paid coupons,	5,435 50
" reward for wild cat,	5 00
	$17,760 55
By com's 1½ $18,520.19, receipts,	231 50
" com's 1½ $17,760.55, disbursements,	222 00
	$18 214 05
	$18,466 17
Balance on hand due county,	54 02
	$18,520 19

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a full and true copy of the report as furnished by Jno. B. Troy, Treasurer.

This December 9th, 1895.

ALEX. McNEILL, Clerk Board County Commissioners.

CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS! CHRISTMAS!

—AT—

THE METROPOLITAN ONE-PRICE RACKET STORE.

GOODS FOR THE PEOPLE.

EVERYTHING EXCEPT DRUGS AND GROCERIES.

Dress Goods, Notions, Hats, Shoes, Rubber Goods,

TABLE LINEN AND TOWELS.

CARPETS, RUGS, MATTING.

TOYS FOR THE CHILDREN.

RACKET STORE, HAY STREET, JAMES A. VANN, Manager.

Christmas! Christmas!! Christmas!!!

—WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A FINE LOT OF—

Plush and Willow Rockers, China Closets, Book Cases, Sideboards, Hatracks, Ladies' Desks, Couches, Cabinets, Etc.

ANY ONE OF WHICH WOULD MAKE AN ELEGANT PRESENT. CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK BEFORE PURCHASING.

WE HAVE EN-ROUTE A NICE LINE OF

PICTURES AND EASELS.

Also a full line of Smyrna Rugs, which will be sold cheap.

Respectfully,

S. SHEETZ & SONS.

THE FINEST LINE

OF STOVES

—THAT HAVE EVER BEEN IN—

FAYETTEVILLE,

may be seen at our store. If you want a

Cooking Stove or Range,

don't fail to call and see the Buck's.

THEY ARE THE BEST MADE.

Are you Poor?

If so, you can save half your wood bill by calling on us and buying one of the now famous

Trilby or Wilson Heaters.

They give wonderful results with small quantity of wood.

If you want to make a useful CHRISTMAS PRESENT, you cannot do better than at

HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.

For Holiday Gifts!

Can anything be more pleasing than

BEAUTIFUL CUT-GLASS BOTTLES, IN PRETTY CASES,

containing the most *delicate* and *exquisite perfumes,*

—SUCH AS—

"SWEET CHIMES,"
"VIOLET BOUQUET,"
"LILAC DEW,"
"YELLOW JESSAMINE,"
WHITE ROSE."

Remember our popular and superior

GOLDEN CROWN COLOGNE,
4711 FARINA,
CROWN LAVENDER SALTS, etc.

FOR XMAS USE:

CAROLINA BAKING POWDER.
CHOICEST FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

H. R. HORNE.

NOTICE.

To All Whom It May Concern:

After this date no memorandums will be made. We are too busy to stop to look up a charge. Shoes or other goods sent out on approval must be paid for, and the money will be refunded if the goods are not as represented, or do not suit the purchaser.

This applies to all.

F. W. THORNTON.

Dec. 10, 1895 –2t

FOR RENT,

A Nice House on Dick Street.

EVERYTHING IN FIRST-CLASS ORDER.

Apply to

E. A. POE.

W. A. CRAWFORD,

Merchant :-: Tailor,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

WRITE FOR SAMPLES TO MAKE YOU A SUIT OR PAIR OF PANTS.

CLEANING, PRESSING AND CUTTING A SPECIALTY.

12-12-95 tf

Fayetteville Military Academy.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

A Preparatory High School, with military organization. Its curriculum embraces the ancient and modern languages, rudimentary and higher English, including rhetoric, with exercises in elocution, essay-writing and declamation.

Instruction painstaking and thorough. Its aims are to prepare boys for a university course or to train them for business, and to fit them for the duties of life.

Physical culture develops the muscle and energizes the brain, and this comes in daily practice with drill and manual of arms. Spring term opens January 21st, 1896.

For other information address

12-12-95 4t T. J. DREWRY, Principal.

THE FARMERS' MUTUAL Fire Insurance Association

OF NORTH CAROLINA.

READ THIS, IT MAY BE the MEANS OF SAVING YOUR HOME.

A CO-OPERATIVE PLAN OF INSURANCE FOR THE PROTECTION OF FARM PROPERTY AGAINST LOSS BY

FIRE, WIND or LIGHTNING

It is Insurance at Cost, which Means an Annual Average Cost of About $2.00 per Thousand Dollars Insurance.

HANCOCK BROS.

J. S. C. CARPENTER, GEN'L AGT., RALEIGH N. C.
E. P. HANCOCK, CUMBERLAND COUNTY BRANCH.

11-28-95 4t

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

FOR SALE ONLY AT

FRANK THORNTON'S.

New Crop Raisins,

Dates, Prunes, Currants,
Lemons and Oranges,
Apples and Bananas,
Mince Meat and Plum Pudding,
Worcestershire Sauce on Draught,
Sauces and Salad Dressings,
Pickles by the Count and Bottle,
The Best Butter and Cheese,
Maccaroni, Codfish and Potatoes,
Kingan's Reliable Hams,
Sugar Cured Bacon—uncanvassed,
Swan Down,
Zeb Vance and Flakes of Snow Flour,
Buckwheat Flour,

—AND—

MANY OTHER GOOD THINGS TO EAT

—AT—

C. W. ELLIOTT & CO.'S.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Dec. 9th, 1895.

To All Whom It May Concern.

I will attend all the Courts of Cumberland County during the year 1896.

All parties desiring to employ me in suits of any kind, or having legal business of any nature, who may desire my services, will please call on Mr. S. H. MacRae, who will represent me in my absence.

Very respectfully,

12-12-95 4t JOHN G. SHAW.

The Bank of Fayetteville.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., Dec. 10, 1895.

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Bank will be held in their Banking House in Fayetteville, on Thursday, January 2, 1896, at 11 A. M.

J. C. HAIGH, Cashier.

12-12-95 tm

KIMBALL

PIANOS and ORGANS

Are Used and Endorsed

—BY—

The World's Greatest Musicians.

☞For Prices and Liberal Terms, apply to

W. FRANK BLOUNT,
General Representative,
Fayetteville, N. C.

AT THE

Variety Store

YOU WILL FIND NEARLY EVERYTHING

—IN—

Xmas China,

GLASSWARE,

DECORATED CROCKERY,

DOLLS, HORNS, TIN TOYS,

BANKS, PICTURE BOOKS,

PURSES AND GAMES.

SHOES AND HOSIERY FOR ALL.

Handkerchiefs and Neckwear.

J. P. COOK & CO.

Xmas, 1895.

Holiday Offerings.

Dolls, Toys, Fancy Goods, Silvered and Small Wares,

Tea Sets, Dinner Sets, Oyster Sets, and everything in China and Fine Glass Ware.

A Complete Line of Fine and Cheap Lamps.

Bookcases, Sideboards, Hatracks & Ladies' Desks.

Pictures and Easels of every description.

Oriental Rugs, Crumb Cloth and Hassocks.

A. A. Vantine & Co 's New York Celebrated High-Class Art Pottery and Egyptian Goods.

UMBRELLAS, LEATHER GOODS and TRUNKS.

Xmas Handkerchiefs and Fancy Linens.

Fancy Silk Suspenders and Ladies' Garters.

PAPETERIES, ETC.

YOU CAN GET SUITED AT FRANK THORNTON'S AND SAVE MONEY.

Everyone Welcome and Everybody Treated Alike.

COME TO SEE US.

FRANK THORNTON,

7 and 9 Hay St.

(For continuation of this advertisement, see Supplement to this issue.)

WEDDING - GIFTS

That Will Last For Generations,

AND TO-DAY ADMITTED TO BE THE MOST APPROPRIATE, ARE MADE OF STERLING SILVER.

We now have in stock——

Bon Bon Dishes,
Berry Spoons,
Berry Scoops,
Gravy Ladles,
Cream Ladles,
Preserve Spoons,
Fish Sets,
Olive Sets,
Lettuce Forks,
Toast Bread Forks,
Quadruple Plate Tomato Server,
After Dinner Coffee Sets, Ice Cream Sets,
Soup Tureens, Jelly Spoons,
Vegetable Dishes, Mustard and Salt Spoons,
Baking Dishes, Sugar Tongs,
Salad Bowls, Salted Almond Servers,
Ferneries, Bon Bon Spoons,
Ice Pitchers, Orange Spoons,
Cake Baskets, Cucumber Servers,
Dessert Sets, Berry Forks.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

FOX CHASE

BY THE PACK OF ROYAL AUSTRIAN HOUNDS.

CONCERT

BY A TRIO FROM THE CONGO MINSTREL TROUPE ARE IN OUR WINDOW.

☞We have many Novelties, and many more to arrive, suitable for the Holidays.

WARREN PRIOR & SON.

BOOK AND MUSIC STORE,

A. J. PEMBERTON & CO.,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

OFFERS TO THE PUBLIC THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK OF

XMAS GOODS IN FAYETTEVILLE.

Ten years experience in handling this line enable them to pass all competitors both in selection and price.

Presents for the Old and Toys for the Young.

Handsome Goods a specialty; Beautiful Pianos and Organs; Drop Cabinet Sewing Machines, New Home and Domestic

Bicycles! Bicycles! Bicycles!

PICTURES AND EASELS.

Guitars; Autoharps and Music Boxes; Onyx Tables; Lamps; Celluloid and Leather Goods; Xmas Cards; Booklets and Calendars, Books of Poetry and Fiction; Bibles; Prayer Books and Hymnals; Dressing Cases; Albums; Writing Desks; Lap Tablets; Frames; Brass and Silver Novelties; Gold Pens and Pencils; Silver Headed Canes; Pipes; Collar and Cuff Boxes; Jewel Cases; Bisque Figures and Vases; a beautiful line of Vantine's Japanese Goods.

FIRE WORKS.

FOR THE CHILDREN.

VELOCIPEDES, TRICYCLES, WAGONS, DOLL CABS, GOAT CARTS, DESKS.

Dolls! Dolls! Dolls! from 1c. to $5.00.

Drums, Horns; Iron and Wooden Toys; Wash Sets; Cooking Stoves; Balls; Toy Furniture; Games; Blocks; Tops; Soldier and Firemen's Sets; Pistols, Guns; Buck Saws; Penny Toys; Boats; in fact everything a child could wish for. Call and see their mammoth stock.

Goods sent out for selection. Orders by mail will receive careful attention.

DON'T BUY BEFORE GOING TO PEMBERTON'S TOY HOUSE, OPPOSITE CORNER FROM POST OFFICE.

NIMOCKS & COOK,

INSURANCE.

Beware of the Knife!

No one who has not been through the ordeal, can possibly have any conception of the terrible fear and dread occasioned by the anticipation of a surgical operation. Well grounded, too, perhaps, in a majority of cases, for the keen blade of the surgeon is too often used indiscreetly, and where it cannot possibly do any good.

It is a little less than folly to submit to a surgical operation for a disease of the blood, and such a course always proves either fatal or useless.

Mr. Lincoln Nelson, of Hartville, Mo., had an interesting experience with the doctors recently, and was on the verge of a painful surgical operation. He writes: "I hereby add my unqualified endorsement of your excellent remedy, S. S. S. For six years I have been a sufferer from a scrofulous affection of the glands of my neck, and all efforts of physicians in Washington, D. C., Springfield, Ill., and St. Louis, failed to reduce the enlargement. After six months' constant treatment here my physician urged me to submit to a removal of the gland. At this critical moment a friend recommended S. S. S., and having laid aside a deep-rooted prejudice against all patent medicines, I began its use. Before I had used one bottle the enlargement began to disappear, and now it is entirely gone, though I am not through with my second bottle yet. Had I only used your S. S. S. long ago, I would have escaped years of misery and saved over $150. If this endorsement will serve you in any way use it."

This case is like that of all who suffer with deep-seated blood troubles. The doctors can do no good, and even their resorts to the knife prove either fruitless or fatal. S. S. S. is the only real blood remedy, it gets at the root of the disease and forces it out permanently.

Cancer is another disease for which the doctors at once resort to the knife, and there has never been a case cured by an operation. S. S. S. has made some wonderful cures of Cancer, full accounts of which will be sent out upon application.

S. S. S. is a blood remedy for real blood troubles; it cures the most obstinate cases of Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatism, etc., which other so-called blood remedies fail to touch. S. S. S. gets at the root of the disease and forces it out permanently. Valuable books will be sent free to any address by the Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Georgia.

NOTICE.

The subscribers to the stock of the Co operative Cotton Factory are hereby notified that Mr. C. W. Bidgood has been appointed Secretary and has qualified by giving bond, and will proceed at once to collect the first weekly assessment. Please respond promptly when called upon.

W. S. COOK,
Dec. 4, 1895. Chm'n Board Directors.

Administrator's Notice.

Having qualified as Administrator of W. F. Carter, deceased, late of Cumberland County, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 5th day of November, 1896, or this notice will be p'ead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to the said estate will please make immediate settlement.

CHAS. W. BIDGOOD, Administrator.
This 7th day of November, 1895. 6t

FOR SALE.

Bedroom Furniture—Black Walnut.

Walnut Bedstead with Mattresses, &c.; Lounge, Washstand; Chairs, one Rocker; Marble Slab Table; three others; China Toilet Set; Towel Rack. All for sale cheap upon application at the 12-5-4t OBSERVER OFFICE.

E. L. CLARK'S

HEADQUARTERS FOR

BACON, FLOUR, SALT,

AND EVERY THING USUALLY KEPT AT A FIRST-CLASS

Family Supply House.

Dry Goods, Notions, Boots, Shoes and Clothing.

RESTAURANT ON SECOND FLOOR.

E. L. CLARK,
9-27-94 tf Cor. Hay and Winslow Sts

J. W. MURCHISON,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

HAS NOW IN STOCK A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

HARDWARE,
TINWARE,
Agricultural Implements,
Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps,
Loaded and Unloaded Shells, &c.

IN FACT, THE PRUDENT BUYER, WHO ALWAYS WANTS THE

Best Goods at the Lowest Prices

WILL FIND JUST WHAT HE WANTS IN OUR LARGE VARIETY AND ASSORTMENT.

DON'T FORGET THAT OUR LEADING POINTS ARE

QUALITY, DURABILITY, RELIABILITY AND HONEST PRICES.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR IMMENSE STOCK.

J. W. MURCHISON,
Old Stand of Giles & Murchison, Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

PATENTS

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS & COPYRIGHTS.

CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elegantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. $3 a year. Sample copies sent free.

Building Edition, monthly, $2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

(Concluded from 1st page.)

D J L McIntyre,	19 00
W J Smith,	18 00
Isaac Strickland,	22 00
J A Gillis,	28 70
J H Currie,	16 00
J A Worth,	6 00
D H Ray,	50 00
J D Brown,	50 00
Chas Haigh.	60 00
Total,	$392 10

ELECTIONS.

J B Smith, serving notices	$40 80
D N McLean, Registrar and judge	60 00
Geo W Henderson, judge	3 00
J A McLauchlin, judge	3 00
Chas Glover, Judge,	3 00
A J Peal, Judge,	3 00
W G Hall, poll holder	1 00
W C Holland, do	1 50
H I McDuffie, do	1 50
W F Campbell, do	1 50
J C Vann, do	1 50
J H Monaghan, do	1 50
S W Tillinghast, do	1 50
Jas G Hollingsworth, do	1 50
R L Holland, do	1 50
D A McMillan, do	1 50
E E Gorham, do	1 50
C H McLauchlin, do	1 50
E L Hawley, do	1 50
R O Whitaker, do	1 50
G A Burns, do	1 50
W D Gaster, do	1 50
W W Reid, door keeper,	1 50
Jesse Grady, do	1 50
W J Smith, Registrar	4 65
Isaac Strickland, judge	6 30
K J Rhodes, judge	3 00
Henry Williams, judge,	3 00
J H Ballard, judge	1 50
D A Graham, poll holder	1 50
E L Rhodes, do	1 50
Robt McCorquodale, do	1 50
D G McLelland, do	1 50
A B Yarborough, do	1 50
W H H Wade, Registrar	4 80
R N Talbot, judge	4 50
H P Davis, judge	3 00
J W Sessoms, judge	1 50
Frank Patrick, judge	3 00
G A McDonald, poll holder	1 50
G F Talbot, do	1 50
D J Brewer, door keeper	1 50
W M Faircloth, do	1 50
J W Hall, judge	3 40
D J Horne, do	3 00
D M Beard, do	6 50
C T Simmons, do	3 00
Henry Smith, do	3 00
Henry Melvin, poll holder	1 50
A R Beard do	1 50
T A Horne, do	1 50
M H Ballard, do	1 50
A B Odom, do	1 50
G A Hall, do	1 50
Alex Thagard, Registrar	4 06
A W Melvin, judge	3 00
N L Ray, do	6 00
E T Jones, do	3 00
D J Davis, poll holder	1 50
J B Downing, do	1 50
W T Clifton, do	1 50
W C Fields, Registrar and judge	6 30
H B Everitt, do	3 00
J H Averitt, do	3 00
Hardy Hilliard, do	3 00
A J Bullard, poll holder	1 50
F A Marsh, Registrar	5 70
J P Thames, judge	3 00
C L Nunnalee, do	1 50
A Gainey, do	1 50
Josh Evans, do	1 50
Wm Clarke, do	1 50
A A Harrington, Jr., Registrar	8 28
Alex Johnson, judge	1 50
D C McArthur, judge	3 00
J S Biggs, judge	3 00
D B Townsend, judge	3 00
D C McPhail, poll holder	1 50
Charles Johnson, poll holder	1 50
W J Axers, Registrar	5 94
J R Vann, judge	3 00
E A Poe, judge	3 00
W J Johnson, Sr., judge	3 00
Ed Walker, poll holder	1 50
E J Baxley, do	1 50
Burwell Evans, do	1 50
C E Ayers, do	1 50
W J Johnson, Jr., do	1 50
D B Gillis, Registrar	6 08
J H Currie, poll holder	1 50
Jno Black, do	1 50
Jno McGill, do	1 50
N L Monroe, do	1 50
W S Carter, do	1 50
W S Townsend, do	1 50
Alex Kennedy, do	1 50
W M McPherson, do	1 50
J G McDuffie, do	1 50
M Dees, do	1 50
J A McPherson, Registrar	6 09
Bruton McArthur, judge	3 00
H J Ellis, judge	3 00
W P McCaskill, poll holder	1 50
D G McFadyen, do	1 50
J T Sinclair, Registrar	8 65
J A Blue, judge	3 00
J A Cameron, do	3 00
H McIntyre, do	3 00
Geo Baldwin, do	3 00
J A Gillis, poll holder	1 50
R A Gillis, door keeper	1 50
James Chappell, poll holder	1 50
J M Chappell, do	1 60
J H Smith, do	3 36
J A Wright, Registrar	6 70
D McCraney, judge	3 00
Martin Goins, judge	3 00
Alex McLeod, judge	3 00
Jno C Adams, Registrar	7 06
S R Surles, judge	3 00
Theo Byrd, judge	3 00
R D Collier, poll holder	1 50
Jacob Elliott, do	1 50
Malcom McBryde, do	1 50
W B Ray, Registrar	6 80
A D McNeill, judge	3 00
J B McCorquodal, do	3 00
Jno Baker, do	3 00
Wm Williams, do	3 00
J B McNatt, poll holder	1 50
G A McKay, Registrar	5 70
D McD Buie, judge	3 00
J A McFarland, poll holder	1 50
A McBuie, poll holder	1 50
Wright Williams, judge	3 00
D J Jessup, Registrar	6 00
E P Jessup, judge	3 00
Chas Cogdell, do	3 00
Wm Byrne, do	3 00
Reden McDonald, do	3 00
J M Jessup, poll holder	1 50
F R Parker, do	1 50
P N Talbot do	2 50
Total,	$470 84

RECAPITULATION.

Poor	$657 00
Poor House	1,197 57
Bridges	1,793 18
Courts	549 77
Court House	468 55
Commissioners	819 65
Printing	61 75
Insane	161 83
Taxes	392 10
Inquest	121 70
Jail	1,445 35
Public Roads	39 60
Elections	470 84
Insolvents	2,734 39
Total,	$10 913 28

NORTH CAROLINA, }
CUMBERLAND COUNTY. }

I, Alex. McNeill, Register of Deeds, and Ex Officio Clerk of the Board of County Commissioners, hereby certify that the foregoing is a true statement of all orders and expenditures made by the Board of County Commissioners from the 1st Monday in December, 1894, to the 1st Monday in December, 1895.

Given under my hand this 30th day of November, 1895.

ALEX. McNEILL,
Register Deeds and Clerk of Board.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, *Pres.*

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

THE ORTON,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Leading Hotel in the Metropolis of the Cape Fear Section.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

To meet the requirements of the traveling public, rates at this Hotel are reduced to $2.00 per day and upwards.

"THE ORTON" is furnished with every modern appliance for the comfort and convenience of its guests, including Otis Elevator, Electric Lights, Steam Heating, &c.

J. E. MONTAGUE, Manager.

Beaver Creek and Bluff Mills,

H. W. Lilly, President,
OFFICE FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,
Manufacturers of "Lake George" AA 4-4 Sheeting, Cotton Yarn and Batting.

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Capsules of Ointment, and two Boxes of Ointment. A sure and safe Cure for Piles of every nature and degree. It makes an operation with the knife or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death, unnecessary. Why endure this terrible disease? We guarantee 6 boxes to cure any case. Send 50 cents, the price for one box, to be returned if not cured. Pamphlet free. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Address,

JAPANESE PILE OINTMENT, 25c. a Box.

CONSTIPATION Cured. Pills Prevented. By Japanese Liver Pellets the great LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use. 50 Doses 25 cents.

FOR SALE BY

KING BROS.,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C

FOR RENT.

The Store, adjoining the Hotel LaFayette, recently occupied by Rose & Leak.

For terms, apply to

H. W. LILLY

5-23 95—tf

—FOR THE HEALING OF THE NATIONS—

Botanic Blood Balm

THE GREAT SOUTHERN REMEDY FOR

All Skin and Blood Diseases

B B B

It purifies, builds up and enriches the blood, and never fails to cure the most inveterate BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, if directions are followed. Thousands of grateful people sound its praises and attest its virtues.

WRITE for Book of Wonderful Cures, sent free on application.

If not kept by your local druggist, send $1.00 for large bottle, or $5.00 for six bottles, and medicine will be sent, freight paid, by

BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Notice of Sale under Deed of Trust Mortgage

By virtue of the power and authority given by a certain deed of trust, executed by Geo. C. Scurlock and Nannie Scurlock his wife, which is recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for Cumberland County, in Book V, No. 4, Page 620, the following property will be exposed to sale by public auction, viz:

One lot on Hay street, beginning at a stake on the south side of Hay street, being the west corner of Lot No. 6, 210 feet west of Winslow street, thence as the adjoining lot S. 20 W 150 feet to an alley thirty feet wide, thence N. 70 W. 40 feet, thence N. 20, E. 150 feet to the edge of Hay street, thence as it S. 70 E 40 feet, to the beginning

Place of sale: Court House Door in Fayetteville, N. C.

Time of sale: Monday, 23rd of December, 1895, at 12 M.

Terms of sale: Cash.

C. W. BROADFOOT, Trustee.
Fayetteville, N. C., Nov. 21, 1895.

Papers for Sale.

Old papers for sale at the OBSERVER OFFICE at 20 cents per hundred

POE & CO.,

BRICK AND TILE MANUFACTURERS,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained, and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.

OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,

C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Commissioner's Sale.

Under and by virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, in the case of The Bank of Fayetteville vs. J. M. Williams and others, made at January Term, 1895, I shall offer for sale at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., on Monday, December 23rd, at 12 o'clock M., the following lands for cash, viz: The "J. Marshall Williams Place" on Rockfood, about four miles southwest of Fayetteville, on the Albemarle Plankroad, containing about four hundred acres, with all necessary buildings and improvements thereon.

Also an undivided one-third interest of the said J. Marshall Williams in the "John Ann Colvin Place," in Carver's Creek Township, on Curly swamp and McKay's creek, adjoining the lands of Smith, Nixon, Blue and others, containing between 900 and 1,000 acres.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned.

C. W. BROADFOOT,
Commissioner.
Fayetteville, N. C., Nov. 21, 1895.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York Wilmington, N. C.

—AND—

Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

FROM PIER 29, EAST RIVER, NEW YORK,
Located bet. Chambers and Roosevelt Sts.,
At 3 o'clock P. M

NEW YORK FOR WILMINGTON.

CROATAN.....Saturday, Dec. 14
ONEIDA.....Saturday, Dec. 21

WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.

ONEIDA.....Saturday, Dec. 14
CROATAN.....Saturday, Dec. 21

WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C.

ONEIDA.....Tuesday, Dec. 10
CROATAN.....Tuesday, Dec. 17

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES
Superintendent,
Wilmington, N. C.

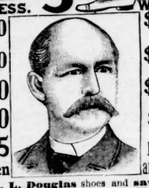
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
W. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents,
5 Bowling Green, N. Y

1,000,000 People Wear

W. L. Douglas Shoes

HAND SEWED PROCESS. $3.00 BEST IN THE WORLD.

$5.00	$3.00
$4.00	$2.50
$3.50	$2.00
$2.50	$1.75
$2.25	For Boys and Youths
For Men	



Wear W. L. Douglas shoes and save from $1.00 to $3.00 a pair. All Styles and Widths. The advance in leather has increased the price of other makes, but the quality and prices of W. L. Douglas shoes remain the same. Take no substitute; see that name and price is stamped on sole. W. L. Douglas, BROCKTON, MASS. Sold by

F. W. THORNTON,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

THE ÆTNA

Is the Strongest American Fire Insurance Co.

Has been doing business continuously since 1819.

Her Reputation is the best to-day.
Over Ten Million Dollars Assets.
Take out a policy on your property.

B. R. HUSKE, Agent.

A. B. WILLIAMS,

COTTON :-: BUYER.

HAY STREET,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

LAND SALE

—INCLUDING—

Valuable Water Powers, Timbered and Farming Lands

FOR SALE.

Under power given in a certain deed of assignment executed by J. D. Williams and wife to W. N. Williams, duly recorded in the counties of Cumberland, Bladen, Robeson, Moore and Harnett, I shall offer for sale at the Market House in Fayetteville, on

Monday, January 6, 1896,

AT 12 O'CLOCK M.,

A Cotton Ginnery complete—including a 45 saw Van Winkle Gin, Feeder and Condenser, nearly new. Press, Shafting, and 8-horse Engine and Boiler.

In Seventy-First Township.—The Latineau land, 568 acres

The Monroe land, 330 acres on Beaver Creek.

The McCormick land, 350 acres on C. F. & Y. V Railway.

10 acres on Monroe road, granted by the State.

561 acres adjoining McIntyre land, Atlas Hill and others.

120 acres near Raynor's Mill.

25 acres on Yadkin road, adjoining Lovet and others.

1,100 acres on Little Rockfish, known as the McLauchin land.

640 acres near above, known as Ray land.

The Effie McFadyen land, 1,761 acres near Lower Little River, and 500 acres known as Effie McFadyen dower land, including residence.

The Saw Mills on Little River at Manchester Depot, 121 acres, covering mills and other improvements. These mills are run by water of 200 horse power, on unfailing stream, and are upon the track of the C. F. & Y. V. Railway.

Johnson land, 33 acres.

Meadow land, 5 acres.

In Carver's Creek Township. Draughon land, 564 acres.

Haughton land, 1,200 acres.

In Rockfish Township.—J. Rosin Smith land, 40 acres in Murphy Swamp.

In Cedar Creek Township.—The Maj. Jonathan Evans Farm, 150 acres on east side of Cape Fear River and about six miles from Clarendon Bridge—a valuable farm.

In Little River Township—Morrison Land.—1st tract—150 acres situated on North side of Crain's Creek—J. A. Johnson land.

2nd tract—58 acres adjoining above.

3rd tract—1 acre adjoining above.

In Hurnett County—Morrison Land.—1st tract—1,314 acres situate at or near Cypress Creek.

2nd tract—231 acres, Carver land.

3rd tract—1,350 acres on Buffalo and Duncan Creek.

4th tract—100 acres adjoining above, on both sides Buffalo

John H. Hall land, 1,333 acres, near the above.

Col. K. Murchison land, about 800 acres on Upper Little River, near Lillington.

Rory Barnes land, 1,187 acres on Rock Branch and C. F. & Y. V. Railway, upon which are valuable improvements.

Bladen County.—The Walker Bluff land, 265 acres on Cape Fear River, adjoining Kemp and others.

Robeson County.—The Davis land, 355 acres near McNatt's Station.

Moore County—M. Morrison Land.—1st tract—250 acres on the head waters of Beaver Creek, and fully described in deed from Thomas Matthews to Isabella Baker.

2nd tract—376 acres on Dry Fork Creek.

3rd tract—100 acres on the waters of Flat Spring Branch.

4th tract—70 acres on Jack Branch.

5th tract—210 acres on Dry Fork Creek.

6th tract—50 acres, deed from N. A. Morrison to D. Morrison.

7th tract—6½ acres between Juniper Creek.

8th tract—1,183 acres more or less on the Ridge Road, conveyed by K. H. Worthy to M. Morrison excepting so much of lot reserved as was conveyed by M. Morrison during his life at the price of $25.

In State of Arkansas.—200 acres near Pine Bluff, adjoining the lands of Drs. John and Neill McKay.

The lands described above embrace several very large tracts of pine lands (suitable for growing Vineyards, Fruit, or Trucking) which might be cut up and sold to advantage to Colonists.

Terms of Sale Cash.

Any of the above property can be bought at private sale, before day of sale named, from the undersigned. For further particulars apply to or address

W. N. WILLIAMS, Assignee.
C. W. BROADFOOT, Attorney.
Fayetteville, N. C., Dec. 4, 1895.

CARPETS! CARPETS!!

Are you interested in Carpets? If so, we would be pleased to show you. We have arranged with one of the largest mills in the United States whereby we are their sole representatives in this locality. We carry a full line of the NEWEST PATTERNS in

ALL KINDS OF CARPETS.

WILTON CARPETS,
MOQUETTE CARPETS.
AXMINSTER CARPETS,
VELVET CARPETS,
BODY BRUSSELS CARPETS,
TAPESTRY CARPETS,
THREE PLY CARPETS,
INGRAIN CARPETS OF ALL GRADES

You have as fine a variety to select from as is carried by the stores in the largest cities.

You can have the Carpets CUT AND SEWED AT THE MILL, and delivered to you ready to be laid on the floor.

We represent the manufacturers, thus saving you the middleman or jobber's profit, and as we have no stock to carry and no risk to take on bad patterns, misfits, or remnants we can afford to *sell at a very small profit*—LOWER EVEN THAN THE STORES OF THE GREAT CITIES.

Call and find out how *quickly* and how *cheaply* we can carpet a room or a house

W. H. NEWBERRY & SONS,
Manufacturers and Dealers
IN ALL KINDS OF
Furniture and House Trimmings,
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.
9-12 95

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway,
JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect December 8th, 1895.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2, Daily
Leave Wilmington,	7:25 a. m
Arrive Fayetteville,	10:35 "
Leave Fayetteville,	10:55 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	10:57 "
Leave Sanford,	12:19 p. m
Leave Climax,	2:25 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2:56 "
Leave Greensboro,	3:05 "
Leave Stokesdale,	3:59 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	4:31 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	4:38 "
Leave Rural Hall,	5:17 "
Arrive Mt. Airy,	6:45 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1, Daily
Leave Mt. Airy,	9:35 a. m.
Arrive Rural Hall,	11:05 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	11:35 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	11:45 "
Leave Stokesdale,	12:12 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	12:58 "
Leave Greensboro,	1:03 "
Leave Climax,	1:32 "
Leave Sanford,	3:19 "
Arrive Fayetteville Junction,	4:30 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	4:33 "
Leave Fayetteville,	4:45 "
Arrive Wilmington,	7:55 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4, Daily
Leave Bennettsville,	8:25 a. m.
Arrive Maxton,	9:23 "
Leave Maxton,	9:29 "
Leave Red Springs,	9:55 "
Leave Hope Mills,	1:35 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	10:52 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3, Daily
Leave Fayetteville,	4:18 p. m.
Leave Hope Mills,	4:58 "
Leave Red Springs,	5:42 "
Arrive Maxton,	6:12 "
Leave Maxton,	6:13 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	7:20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Ramseur,	6:45 a. m
Leave Climax,	8:35 "
Arrive Greensboro,	9:20 "
Leave Greensboro,	9:35 "
Leave Stokesdale,	10:50 "
Arrive Madison	11:50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Madison,	12:25 p. m.
Leave Stokesdale,	1:28 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2:35 "
Leave Greensboro,	3:10 "
Leave Climax,	3:55 "
Arrive Ramseur,	5:50 "

NORTH BOUND CONNECTIONS

at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Winston-Salem

SOUTH BOUND CONNECTIONS

at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

W. E. KYLE,
General Passenger Agent.
J. W. FRY, General Manager.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.

AND BRANCHES

AND FLORENCE RAILROAD

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Jan. 27, 1895	No. 23. Daily.	No. 35. Daily.		No. 41. Daily.	
	A. M.	P. M.	.....	A. M.	.....
Leave Weldon..	11 53	9 27	.....	.....	.....
Ar. Rocky Mount	12 57	10 20	.....	.....	.....
Leave Tarboro..	12 20	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lv Rocky Mount	1 05	10 20	.....	6 00	.....
Leave Wilson...	2 03	11 03	.....	.....	.....
Leave Selma....	2 53	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ar. Fayetteville	4 30	12 57	.....	.....	.....
Arrive Florence	7 15	3 00	.....	.....	.....

	No. 47 Daily.		No. 37 Daily.	
	P. M.	.....	A. M.	.....
Leave Wilson...	2 08	.....	6 35	.....
Leave Goldboro.	2 55	.....	7 30	.....
Leave Magnolia.	4 02	.....	8 29	.....
Ar. Wilmington.	5 30	.....	10 00	.....
	P. M.		A. M.	

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

DATED Jan. 27, 1895.	No. 78 Daily.		No. 32. Daily.	No. 40. Daily.
	A. M.	.....	P. M.	.....
Leave Florence	8 15	.....	7 15	.....
Lv. Fayetteville	10 55	.....	9 19	.....
Leave Selma....	12 32	.....	.....	.....
Arrive Wilson..	1 20	.....	11 15	.....
Leave Tarboro..	2 48	.....	.....	.....
	P. M.			
	No. 48 Daily.			
	A. M.	.....	P. M.	.....
Lv. Wilmington.	9 20	.....	7 00	.....
Leave Magnolia	10 56	.....	8 31	.....
Leave Goldsboro	12 05	.....	9 40	.....
Arrive Wilson..	1 00	.....	10 27	.....

	No. 78 Daily.		No. 32 Daily.	
	P. M.	.....	P. M.	P. M. .....
Leave Wilson...	1 30	.....	11 20	10 32 .....
Ar Rocky Mount	2 33	.....	12 02	11 15 .....
Arrive Tarboro.	2 48	.....	.....	.....
Lv Rocky Mount	2 33	.....	12 02	.....
Arrive Weldon..	3 48	.....	12 54	.....
	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:48 P M, Halifax 4:05 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 4:55 P M. Greenville 6:37 P M., Kinston 7:35 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:20 A M, Greenville 8:22 A M. Arriving Halifax at 10:55 A M. Weldon 11.20 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7:00 A. M., arrives Parmele 8:40 A. M., Tarboro 9:50 A M; returning leaves Tarboro 4:50 P M, Parmele 6:10 P. M., arrives Washington 7:35 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:00 P M. Sunday 3:00 P M; arrives Plymouth 9:00 P M, 5:25 P M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily, except Sunday, 6:00 A M, Sunday 9:30 A M, arrive Tarboro 10:25 A M, and 11:45 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 6:05 A M, arriving Smithfield 7:35 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 8:00 A. M; arrive Goldsboro 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:05 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8:0 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Trains on Latta Branch Florence R R leave Latta 6:40 P M; arrive Dunbar 7:50 P M. Returning leave Dunbar 6:30 A M; arrive Latta 7:50 A M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 4:10 P M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 7:20 A M., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Portsmouth and Bay Line. Also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk daily and all points north via Norfolk daily except Sunday.

J. R KENLEY, Gen'l Manager. JOHN F. DIVINE, General Sup't
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

—AND DEALERS IN—

Plows, Harrows, Cultivators and all kinds of Agricultural Implements and Castings and Steel Shapes for the same.

IF YOU WANT ANY LEATHER GOODS SUCH AS

Buggy Harness, Wagon Harness, Plow Gear, Bridle and Collars,

do not fail to examine our stock—we have the very best goods at panic prices. We can furnish you with any part of Harness at half the price that it will cost you to have it made.

—IT IS JUST AS WE TOLD YOU TWO YEARS AGO IT WOULD BE—

"ALBEMARLE" FLOUR

has a great deal the largest sale of any Patent Flour sold in Fayetteville, quality and price combined will tell.

FERTILIZERS.

We have in stock quite a number of the oldest and most reliable Brands and several new Brands which we offer at popular prices. We offer special inducements to car load buyers.

A. E. RANKIN & CO.

Depot for Fancy and Heavy Groceries,

Southwest Corner Market Square,

M. N. RAYNOR.

EVERYTHING IN THE LINE OF A FIRST-CLASS GROCERY.

FLOUR, COFFEE, BISCUITS, CAKES, CRACKERS, BUTTER, CHEESE, CANNED GOODS, PICKLES, SPICES, KENTUCRY BELLE PURE APPLE VINEGAR, FIVE YEARS OLD, N. C. BACON AND HAMS.

Specialties:—MOLASSES, FRUITS AND CONFECTIONS, TOBACCOS—SMOKING AND CHEWING; LINE OF FINE CIGARS.

Willow Ware, Tin Ware, Butter Milk Soap.

M. N. RAYNOR, Fayetteville.

WALTER WATSON,

ESTABLISHED 1866.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

IRON, STEEL, NAILS, HORSE AND MULE SHOES, AND HORSE SHOE NAILS,
GRINDSTONES AND FIXTURES, PUMPS AND PUMP FITTINGS,
ROPES AND TWINES, MACHINE AND CARRIAGE BOLTS,
SAW MILL AND GINNERS' SUPPLIES, WAGON, CART AND CARRIAGE MATERIALS
WELL